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LANK BOOK MANUFACTORY
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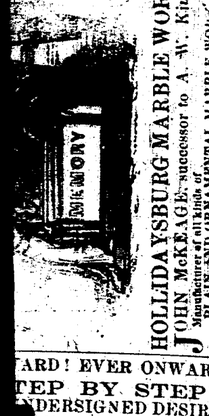
RUM & DERN, at the Tribune Office, are n
Altoona and vicinity. They will give instruc
tion in binding, and receive and return bac
extra charges, for all who cut out their work
[March 21, 1862-1y



HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS
JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK,
at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this es
tablishment warranted to give satisfaction.

ARD! EVER ONWARD!
TEP BY STEP!
NDERSIGNED DESIRES TO
old customers and the public generally
his spring gone into the Dry Good business
received a large and entirely new stock of
ESS GOODS,
s, embracing all the latest, prettiest and mo
HIONABLE PATTERNS,
which may be found every quality of goods
which it would be too tedious to enumerate
the line of pure, fresh and cheap
ERIES & PROVISIONS
stock under" to any of my competitors. I
ent I feel sure that I can render satisfaction
f country produce taken in exchange for
e highest market price allowed.
e corner of Annie and Helen streets, East
THOMAS HESLOP.
ay 22, 1862.

JACOB WEIS,
R AND CONFECTIONER,
VIRGINIA STREET, ALTOONA, PA.
S CONSTANTLY ON HAND
EAD, CAKES, CANDIES
CE CREAM
MEATS, of his own manufacture, which he
ail, wholesale or retail, at the most reason
ash, SOREIGN FRUITS, such as
ES, LEMONS, PINE-APPLES,
NES, RAISINS, NUTS, &C., &C.,
d in their respective seasons.
S BAKED TO ORDER.
occasions, on short notice and in the neat
yle of the art.
ake and price my stock, and you will find
cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.
POUTING, &c.
G WOULD RESPECT-
nform the citizens of Altoona
hat he keeps constantly on hand a
ent or Cooking, Parlor, Office and
of all styles and sizes, to suit the
which he will sell at low prices, on reason
e on hand a large stock of Tin and Sheet
ishing of all articles for culinary purposes—
Pipe, &c.
purchased the right of sale in Blair county
S
OVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,
which needs only to be seen to be appreciated
possessed by every farmer, butcher or thos
a machine.
ar attention paid to putting up SPOUTING
or country. Spouting painted and put up
onable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

FETTINGER'S
ral News Agency,
LL, No. 7, MAIN STREET
BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ERY, CONFECTIONARIES
RS & TOBACCO.
NOTIONS IN GREAT VARIETY
ONSTANTLY ON HAND.
61.

LLOYD & CO.,
ALTOONA, PA.
STON, JACK, & CO.,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.
ANKERS,
Hall, Johnston, Jack & Co")
TS ON THE PRINCIPAL
Silver and Gold for sale. Collection
received on deposite, payable on demand.
or upon time, with interest at fair rates.

KESSLER—PRACTICAL
IST, respectfully announces
Altoona and the public gen
ill continues the Drug business
st. where he keeps constantly
Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS,
HEMICALS, OILS, VARNISH
UFFS.
ion to business, and a desire to render sa
regards price and quality, he hopes to
e a share of public patronage.
l merchants supplied on reasonable terms,
om a distance promptly attended to.
scriptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

DY FRIENDS WOULD DO
k in upon the choice and choice assort
DRESS GOODS now displayed upon the
es of
MURPHY & McKEE,
Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.
25, 1862.

AND LARD OILS, CAM
rning Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., &c.
KESSLER'S.

D AT McCORMICK'S Store
hid assortment of Ready-Made clothing
Nov. 25-tf.

KIES.—A LARGE AND
ortment of Groceries kept constantly
r of
J. P. SCHMAN.

HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING,
sh and Varnish Brushes of
KESSLER'S.

OIL, COLOGNES, POM-
ring Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c., &c., by
KESSLER.

The Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

VOL. 8. ALTOONA, PA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1863. NO. 33.

Muskingum Valley

STEAM WORKS
CORNER OF
Market and Third Streets,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

WE ARE NOW TURNING OUT A LARGE number of our improved Portable Steam Engines, and Portable Circular Saw Mills, as well as Stationary Engines and Saw Mills, many of which are finding their way into Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon and Crawford Counties, and other parts of the State of Pennsylvania. Those already received and in operation, are giving the most entire satisfaction. There is now hardly a State or Territory in the Union, but that our improved Portable Engines and Saw Mills are in use in. All our Engine have Spark Arrester Stacks on them which confine the flying sparks.

We would respectfully refer you to the following gentlemen and Certificates for the portability, utility and practical operations of our Portable Steam Engines and Saw Mills:

HARTSTOWN, Crawford Co., Pa.,
May 10th, 1863.

MESSRS. J. & J. H. DUVALL:—*Gentlemen*:—We received our Twenty Horse Power Portable Engine and Saw Mill, in good order. We are perfectly satisfied with it; everything works to our entire satisfaction—in fact beyond our expectations. We sawed 4000 feet of white-oak boards in nine hours, and could have done more in the same time, had we have had good logs.

We take pleasure in recommending those in want of Saw Mills and Engines to purchase of you.

Respectfully, C. REYNOLDS & B. ANDRESS.

We are authorized to say, for Mr. Samuel Milliken, of Hollidaysburg, Pa., that the 20 horse power Portable Engine and Saw Mill we sold him, has fully met his expectation and proved itself to be all that was claimed for it in our circular; and since starting it, has sent in his order for a second Engine and Saw Mill, of same power and size.

For further references, we will give the names of M. Bell and Thomas M'Aulley, Altoona, Pa.; A. L. Holliday, Hollidaysburg, Pa.; M. M. Adams, Cresson, Pa.; W. Zeigler and Joseph S. Reed, Huntingdon, Pa.; Messrs. Barley & Co., Tyrone, Pa., all of whom have purchased Portable Steam Engines and Portable Circular Saw Mills of us.

We fully warrant our Engines and Saw Mills, to be made of first-class material; workmanship the same with Brass Ball Valves in pumps and checks, and to saw from 50,000 to 100,000 feet of lumber per day—any 10 hours.

Orders Solicited. Description circular sent to all correspondents. Respectfully,

J. & J. H. DUVALL.
Corner Market and 3rd Streets,
just opposite C. O. R. Road Depot, Zanesville, Ohio.
June 2, 1863-4m.

GREAT DISCOVERY!
KUNKEL'S
BITTER WINE OF IRON,
FOR THE CURE OF
WEAK STOMACHS, GENERAL DEBILITY, INDIGESTION, DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, CONSTIPATION, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, AND FOR ALL CASES REQUIRING A TONIC

This wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess; Citrate of Magnetic Oxide combined with the most energetic of Vegetable tonics, Yellow Peruvian Bark. The effect in many cases of Debility, Loss of Appetite and general prostration, of an efficient Salt of Iron, is most happy. It augments the appetite, raises the pulse, takes off muscular flabiness, removes the pallor of debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?
If you do, try

KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

This truly valuable Tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood, gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system, and prolongs life. I now only ask a trial of this valuable Tonic.

COUNTERFEITS.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.—As KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON is the only sure and effectual remedy in the known world for the permanent cure of *Dyspepsia and Debility*, and as there are a number of imitations offered to the public, we would caution the community to purchase none but the genuine article, manufactured by S. A. KUNKEL, and which has his stamp on the top of the cork of every bottle. The very fact that others are attempting to imitate this valuable remedy, proves its worth and speaks volumes in its favor.

THE BITTER WINE OF IRON is put up in 50 cent and $1.00 bottles, and sold by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. Be particular that every bottle bears the *fac simile* of the proprietor's signature.

General Depot, No. 118 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

☞ For Sale by GEO. W. KESSLER, E. H. REIGART, Altoona, and by all respectable dealers everywhere.
Sept. 30, 1863—6m.

THE UNION FOREVER!
GOOD NEWS!

GODFREY WOLF would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has opened a

CLOTHING STORE,
On Corner of Main and Caroline Streets,

where he will keep on hand a large stock of ready-made clothing consisting of DRESS COATS, PANTALOONS, VESTS, OVERALLS, KNIT JACKETS, &c., at Philadelphia prices.

HATS & CAPS!

I have a large and varied stock of hats and caps which it will be to the advantage of all to examine before purchasing elsewhere. Also, a fine stock of Gents' Furnishing goods, such as shirts, collars, neck-ties, handkerchiefs, suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, &c.

Determined to sell, I have marked my goods at the very lowest figures, and feel confident that all will be satisfied with the price and quality of my stock.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

NEW FIRM.
HENRY TUCK. DAVID ETTINGER.

THE SUBSCRIBERS BEG LEAVE to inform the public that they have entered into copartnership in the

CLOTHING BUSINESS,

and will continue at the stand heretofore occupied by H Tuck, on Main Street, a few doors above the Exchange Hotel, Altoona.

They have also wholesale and retail store at

No 702 Market Street, Philadelphia,

where they will sell all kinds of ready-made clothing and gents furnishing goods at the very lowest prices.

They will be enabled to sell cheaper than many others from the fact that they manufacture their own goods, and thus save the manufacturers per centage, and all clothing will be warranted well made.

Aug. 4, 1863-tf

OYES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [jan. 2 '56.

DO YOU WANT A HAT OR CAP, cheap or fine?—go to LAUGHMAN'S.

RITCHEY IS REALLY SELLING the best Brown Sugar in Altoona at 12½ cents.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.
E. B. McCRUM, - - - *H. C. DERN,*
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance),..... $1 50
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One Square, (8 lines)	50	75	1 00
Two " (16 ")	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three " (24 ")	1 50	2 00	2 50

Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
Six lines or less	$ 1 50	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
One square	2 50	4 00	7 00
Two "	4 00	6 00	10 00
Three "	5 00	8 00	12 00
Four "	6 00	10 00	14 00
Half a column	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column	14 00	25 00	40 00
Administrators and Executors Notices			1 75
Merchants advertising by the year, three squares, with liberty to change			10 00
Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines with paper, per year			5 00

Communications of a political character or individual interest, will be charged according to the above rates.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.

Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square

Choice Poetry.

SUMTER.

BY GEORGE LANDIS TAYLOR.

I.

Sumter silenced! How I wonder
If 'tis true, and no sad blunder!
Silenced, shattered, crushed asunder!
Sumter captured! Let it thunder
O'er the land and o'er the ocean?
Let it sweep in grand commotion
Up the rivers to their fountains,
O'er the valleys, prairies, mountains,
O'er the plains and deserts glowing.
O'er sierras ever snowing,
Down where tropic gales are blowing,
Down bright streams to sunset flowing,
Till from ocean unto ocean
Sweeps the rapturous commotion—
Sweeps the mighty acclamation
Of a great triumphant nation,
And with twenty million voices
Half a continent rejoices
O'er the sure and glorious token
That Rebellion's power is broken!

II.

Sumter fallen! God is holy!
God who hears the poor and lowly—
Hears and answers, soon or slowly—
From His heavenly habitation
Saw our sins and tribulation,
Heard our contrite supplication,
Sent us succor and salvation!
Blessed be God's name forever;
Let the golden gateway's sever!
Let the swelling, bursting paean
Fill the opal empyrean!
Let the adamantine arches
Tremble as the anthem marches
Up the everlasting river
Up to God, the glorious Giver
God, almighty to deliver!
Let the harp-strings leap and quiver!
Let the crystal columns shiver!
Let all earth, all heaven endeavor!
BLESSED BE GOD'S NAME FOREVER!

III.

Blessed be God's name forever!
Never, never, never, never
Shall another slave dominion
Stretch o'er earth its midnight pinion
Hear, Oh! Earth, through all this battle,
Hear thy broken fetters rattle!
Shout, Oh! Earth! Sing, child and mother!
Wife and husband, lover, brother,
Through this land and every other!
Shout and sing, through all the nations,
Through all human habitations;
For, though ours the tears and slaughter,
Ours the brave blood poured like water,
Ours the shame, the sin, the sorrow,
Yours shall be the golden morrow!
Yours with us, though round us closing
Banded tyrants stands opposing:
God's great hand, o'er all disposing,
Still all good shall save and cherish,
Till all evil fail and perish.

Select Miscellany.

A SETTLER'S EXPLOIT.

As Samuel Bowditch, one of the early settler's on Grand river, in Kentucky, was going across a patch of swamp, one afternoon, about half a mile from his dwelling, to look after some cattle, he heard a stick snap behind him, and turning quickly round, found himself confronted with a huge savage, in all the hideousness of his war paint, and with rifle or musket levelled at his head, the muzzel not more than four feet from him. Bowditch himself had a rifle in his hand, but he knew the Indian could shoot him before he could raise it and fire, and he did not make the attempt, but immediately dropped it to the ground and held up his palms, in token of submission.

On seeing this, the savage walked up and said:

"Give Injun gun!"

"I see you're a big chief, and I hope we may be friends."

"Where live?" asked the savage, as he produced a stout thong of deer-skin, and proceeded to bind the hands of his captive, who, being a small man, saw he was no match for the other, even without weapons on either side, and so submitted quietly, though agonized at the thought of his poor helpless wife and children in their lonely cabin over the hill.

"I live out yonder not a great way from here," replied the captive, nodding his head in the proper direction."

"How many got?" queried the savage.

The settler hesitated about telling correctly. He first thought he would name a number large enough to deter the Indian from going thither, and thus, perhaps, save his wife and children from a fate like his own, but after a moment's reflection, it occurred to him that, should the savage take him there, a chance might arise for him to regain his liberty, and he decided upon speaking the truth.

"Why no Long-knife tell?" demanded the Indian, with an impatient frown. "No make lie!"

"No, chief; I'll tell you the truth.—There are only three persons in my cabin—my wife and two children—but I know a big brave chief like you won't hurt 'em."

"Me go see 'em!" returned the savage, with a fierce gleam of triumph which the other did not fail to notice.

Having tightly bound the hands of his captive behind his back, the savage felt about his dress for other weapons, took away his ammunition and putting both weapons over his shoulder, told the white man to lead the way. This the latter did, full of hope, fear and general anxiety, till he came in sight of his humble log dwelling, situated in a pleasant valley, through which flowed a pretty little stream, a branch of the Green river, when the Indian ordered him to stop, and proposed to make him fast to a tree, by means of another deer-skin thong secured to that around the wrists.

"Ain't you going to let me go down to the house with you?" inquired the captive, now begining to feel much alarm for the safety of his family."

"Me go alone!" returned the savage gruffly. "Me big chief—want scalp!"

"Oh, for God's sake, don't kill my poor, innocent wife and children!" pleaded Bowditch, fairly agonized at the thought. "You are a great chief, I know, and you'll remember that they never did you any harm!"

"Long-knife scalp much good!" rejoined the Indian sullenly, as he finished binding the other to the tree, and strode away down the hill, carrying the two weapons with him. Bowditch watched him, step after step, as he glided away under cover of the trees, keeping some rock, stump, or clump of bushes between him and the inmates of the dwelling, so they might not by any chance perceive his approach and take the alarm.

"At any rate I can hollor yet!" muttered the captive, "and maybe they'll hear me; and forthwith he set up a series of yells, that went echoing and re-echoing far away through the forest.

The settler saw his wife and children come in haste to the door, and look up the hill in alarm. At this time he shouted at the top of his lungs.

"Quick, Esther—go back into the house and bar it up tight! The Injuns are arter you, and I'm a prisoner! Quick! Quick! or you're lost, and the children too!"

For a moment or two the mother and children stood as if paralized with astonishment and terror, and then, to his great relief, he saw his little boy point in the direction of the skulking savage, and all three retreated and closed the door.

The Indian now uttered a fierce yell, and stepped out into plain view, fired both pieces one after the other, at the dwelling, as it he had impulsively adopted this means to vent his rage at being discovered and foiled of his murderous purpose. Then looking round at his captive, he threw down the rifle belonging to the latter and drawing his tomahawk, started toward him on a run. Bowditch, who had watched every motion, and knew that in his rage the savage would brain and scalp him, now gathered all his strength, and made one desperate effort to free himself, acting rather from the instincts of self-preservation than from any hope of success.

But to his great joy, his unspeakable joy, he heard and felt his bands strain, crack and snap, and suddenly found himself free and his arms at liberty. He looked quickly and wildly around, almost disposed to doubt his senses—to discredit his misfortune—for any future seemed good which give him even a bare chance for his life where he expected only certain death. The Indian was at least a hundred and fifty yards from him, and his rifle unloaded and with a start in a race for life—in a race that involved not only his owe life but that of his wife and children—who so swift of foot as to overtake him?

With a loud yell of mingled joy and defiance, away he went over the hill and with a louder yell of rage at his unexpected escape, the fierce savage came bounding after him. Bowditch knew every inch of the ground in that vicinity, and he had already regained sufficient presence of mind to shape his course so as to take advantage of all the chances in his favor. The hill about the summit was a succession of rocks and bushes, with caves, chasms and precipices, and over, through, and along these natural obstructions the fugitive believed he could make his way with any man living, either white or red, and so took the most troublesome route for his larger and more unwieldy pursuer, resolved, should he by chance find the latter gaining on him, to double on him at a certain cave not more than half a mile distant, where he could enter, by following one of the labyrinthian passages within, and could come out on the same side into a thicket not more than fifty feet from the main opening.

Looking back occasionally, as he fled along his rocky way with the ease of a mountain goat, Bowditch soon discovered that however superior to him his adversary might be in mere physical strength, he was no match for him in speed in that particular locality: and this not only inspired him with the hope of escape, but with such confidence in his own resources, that he began to calculate in turn how best he might compass the destruction of his foe.

"Why not lure him into the cave," he muttered, "and let him fool his time round thar, whilst I start back after my rifle, and follow up the audacious whelp? I'll do it, and if I don't get even with him, then it's a clear case fortin's against me."

Having come to this determination, Bowditch slackened his chase till his pursuer was in full view, when he pretended to stumble and fall, and then got up and ran with a limp, which caused the savage to yell with a fierce delight and redouble his exertions to overtake him. This was exactly what he intended to bring about, and he now managed his pace with so much deception, that, though seeming to exert himself to the utmost, he permitted the panting savage to gain a little every minute, till the mouth of the cave was reached, at which time not more than a hundred paces divided them. The Indian saw the fugitive disappear in the dark opening, and believing that he now had him secure once more, he came bounding up and plunged in after him with a yell of triumph. The settler, who knew every twist and turn of every passage in the cave—and there were many—now uttered a sort of wailing groan from the center, to urge the Indian on, and then quietly slipped off in a different direction, and reached the bright open air about the same time the other did the middle of the interior.

"Now then for it," muttered Bowditch, as he slipped over the brow of the hill and ran toward his dwelling, which, owing to the ridge bending round the valley, in the shape of a magnet, or horse shoe, was scarcely as far distant as when he called to his wife.

His family saw him, and with a cry of joy his wife threw open the door.

"Quick, Esther!" he exclaimed, as he came up panting; t'other powder-horn and some bullets—quick!"

"Ain't you coming in, Samuel?" inquired the wife in surprise and alarm.

"Just long enough to get them things, since you won't!" he answered, as he bounded in and hurried to a rude shelf on one side of the room, "I've sort o' played the coward once to-day," he added, "and now I am going to wipe it out.—Shut the door, Esther, and keep yourself and the children out of danger. I'll be back shortly. Good-bye!" and without waiting for a reply, he ran out in the direction of his rifle, his wife vainly calling for him, and entreating him to come back, and not risk his life foolishly.

As soon as he once more got hold of his rifle, he hastened to load it, and felt, as he afterwards expressed it, "like a new man." Then keeping himself as much under cover as possible, he hurried up to a point where he could secrete himself and command a fair view of the mouth of the cave, within easy rifle range.

"If old Paint-face haint mizzled," he muttered, with an ominous frown, "it's my opinion he never will!" and like a cat watching for game, he kept his eyes rivited upon the spot where he expected to see him appear.

For ten minutes all was still—nothing moved—and then, to his bitter satisfaction, he beheld the Indian coming out with a stealthy step, looking cautiously and suspiciously around. The rifle of the settler was already leveled, and for a moment or two he had sighted directly at his heart, and then fired. The savage threw up his hands convulsively, uttered a noise between a groan and a yell, and fell back quivering on the earth. Bowditch took time to reload, and then approached him cautiously. He found him quite dead.

HOW THEY ESCAPED.—The telegragh furnished us the other day with reports, brought by seven deserters who lately escaped from Sullivan's Island. A late letter says:—These deserters reached Morris Island under the following circumstances: Several officers belonging to the garrison of Fort Moultrie, who had gone out yachting, went ashore at some point in the bay, leaving their yacht in charge of these seven soldiers, two of whom acted as guard. As soon as the shore party were far enough away to make the attempt practicable, the soldiers, guards and all, formed the plan of making use of the opportunity afforded them of placing themselves under the protection of the Stars and Stripes. So the sails were hoisted, the yacht swung off from her moorings, and the adventurers reached the American camp in safety.—The yacht is said to be a very fine craft.

"THE HAND IS DEAD."

AN INCIDENT IN THE TOUR OF GOV. CURTIN.

The panorama of life, in times such as these, is thrillingly varied, intensely enthusiastic, wonderfully attractive and decidedly interesting. In thus speaking, we allude particularly to that class of public men who occupy an exalted and proud position in State or National affairs. Of this class, Gov. Andrew G. Curtin has a prominent place before the people of the State—in fact, we may truly say the world. In this present tour, an incident occurred that caused a tear of sympathy to start in the eye of the Governor. He had addressed a large meeting at Catassauqua, in the mountain region. As the sun was fast receding behind the mountain-top, and casting a long shade in the valley, the Governor took passage in the train bound for more level regions. He arrived in Philadelphia in due time, having been met half-way by Col. W. B. Mann, and by him and two other warm admirers, was conducted to the Continental, where he sought repose. His nature was well nigh exhausted, The want of sleep, the fatigue of travel, the eventful scenes of his life, the universal hand-shakings, the surrounding crowds, the vivacity and vociferations of the thronging multitude, all of which he had so recently passed through, made it necessary for retirement.

He was to start next day on some business relative to the defence and protection of the State, in case of another rebel raid, which seemed to be projected.

About ten o'clock in the morning there appeared in the vestibule of the Continental a well dressed young lady. She was by herself. Her face betokened hard usage, that had added to her appearance ten years to her natural life. She attracted rather more than ordinary attention of the throng moving to and fro through the main avenue of that palatial building. She maintained her silence, and appeard wrapped in deep thought.

Presently Col. Wm. B. Mann came down the large winding marble steps; a slight tap on the shoulder caused him to stop.—The young woman stood before him, and said: "Sir you are Wm. B. Mann, I believe."

"I am, madam, what do you wish?"

"I desire to see Governor Curtin."

"Well, madam, he is very much engaged at present; is your business pressing—is it of a public nature?"

"I desire to see him; I have come all the way from Ohio for the purpose. I have been to Catassauqua, but the train was to late; I arrived in the city this morning and must see him; he is the only dear friend I have on earth."

Such an appeal was resistless. The gallantry of Colonel Mann, as well as his business, could brook no delay. He retired for a moment, and presently ushered the strange lady into the presence of the Governor.

"Oh! Governor, I am so glad to see you," said she, as she placed her left arm upon his shoulder and imprinted a kiss upon his manly forehead.

"Madam," said he, quite overcome, "to what am I indebted for this unexpected salutation?"

"Sir, do you not know me?"

Take a chair," said the Governor, blandly, at the same time extending one of the handsomest in the parlor.

Col. Mann and the few gentlemen present at once became interested in the scene, and silently looked on.

"Shortly after the battle of Antietam you were upon that bloody field," said she to the Governor.

"I was," replied the Governor, thoughtfully, with a sigh, as the fearful scenes of carnage were thus unexpectedly brought to his memory.

"You administered to the wants of the wounded and dying."

"It was my duty, as a feeling man."

"You did your duty well. Heaven alone will reward you, sir, for in this life there is no reward adequately expressive of the merit due you. You, sir, imparted consolation and revived the hopes of a dying soldier of the 28th Ohio. He was badly wounded in the arm; you lifted him into an ambulance, and, the blood dripping from him, stained your hands and your clothing. That soldier was as dear to me as life itself."

"A husband?" said the Governor.

"No, sir."

"A brother, perhrps?"

"No, sir."

"A father?"

"No, sir."

"A son?"

"No, sir."

"A lover?"

"No, sir."

The little party around were more interested than ever. If not a husband, father, brother, son, or lover, who, then, could it be?

"My dear madam," said the Governor, at length breaking the silence, "this is an enigma to me. Please explain more about the gallant soldier of Ohio."

"Well, sir, that soldier gave you a ring—C. E. D. were the letters engraved on the interior. That is the ring now upon your little finger. He told you to wear it, and carefully have you done so."

The Governor pulled the ring off, and sure enough the letters were there.

"The finger that used to wear that ring will never wear it any more. The *kind is dead*, but the soldier still lives, thanks to your kind attention on that bloody field."

The whole scene was yet a problem, that even the sagacity of Colonel Mann could not solve.

The Governor was now more interested than ever. "Well, madame," said he, "tell me all about it. Is this ring yours? Was it given to you by a soldier whom you loved?"

"I loved him as I loved my life; but he never returned that love; he had more love for his country than for me; I honor him for it. That soldier who placed that little ring upon your finger stands before you." So saying, the strange lady arose from her chair, and stood before the Governor."

The scene that now ensusd we leave to the imagination of the reader. A happy hour passed, The girl who had thus introduced herself was Catharine E. Davidson, of Sheffield, Ohio. She was engaged to be married, but her future husband responded to the call of the President, and she followed him by joining another regiment. He was killed in the same battle where she fell wounded. She is alone in the world, her father and mother having departed this life years ago. She was the soldier of the 28th Ohio who had placed the ring upon the finger of Governor Curtin, for the kind attention gived her upon the bloody field of Antietam.

The right arm had been amputated about half way between the elbow and shoulder. The interview finally ended, and having at last seen her benefactor, she bade him and his friends adieu, taking with her an order, bearing the bold signature of A. G. Curtin, for one of Palmer's patent arms.

We had an interview with the heroine. She was modest, although she had led the life of a "bold soldier boy." She was loud in her praise of Gov. Curtin, and is firm in the belief that through his hard-working energy, he saved the lives of ten thousand soldiers, many of whom still live to bless his name as one of the "few immortal, not born to die."—*Phila. Press.*

☞ The feeling at Richmond Va., over the news from Georgia is, we are informed, not at all exultant. The rebels concentrated on Rosecrans, expecting to be able to crush him at a blow. After two days desperate fighting, Bragg, while reporting progress, does not claim a victory but admits heavy losses, and that our army still confronts him. The military managers of the Southern Confederacy believed they had made arrangements that would insure them a great success, nothing less than the destruction of one of our finest armies. Nothing but a decisive victory could compensate them for what they had done. If they could in one day have shattered the Army of the Cumberland, their picked troops sent from Virginia could have been returned to meet the advance of Meade, but after immense losses, they find the results indecisive, Rosecrans' army still firm, and all their masses unable to do the work cut out for them. They know, too, that in a few days their advantages in numbers in Nothern Georgia will cease to exist, as reinforcements are moving to the relief of our hard pressed heroes; and in the meantime the Army of the Potomac is again in motion to take advantage of the absence of several choice divisions of Lee's army. There is occasion for the gloom said to prevail in Richmond.

A YANKEE REVERSES HIS POSITION.—On the night of the 6th instant, says the Richmond *Examiner*, a Yankee prisoner, named Myram Little, company F, 6th Pennsylvania regiment, escaped from Belle Isle by swimming the river. On the 16th he was overhauled by some rebel pickets, at Besher's Dam, at the nine mile lock on the canal, and was turned over to Obadiah Gordon, a member of Robbins' (late Wren's) cavalry, to bring to Richmond. Obadiah got along well enough with his prisoner until he arrived within a mile of Richmond. The Yankee had pretended to be little lame, and was allowed to pick up a big cudgle to help him along. It was night, and, watching his opportunity, he turned the tables on Obadiah, compelled him to vacate his horse and arms, and the bold Yankee, mounting the one and buckling on the others, bid the trembling Obadiah good night, and put out.

☞ In England, a candidate for a Government office, while undergoing examination, spelled the word Venice with two nn's, thus Vennice. The examiner, a clever man, though not always a correct speaker sternly inquired, "Do you know, sir, there is but one n here?" "Then eggs must be very scarce there," was the reply. The candidate passed.

☞ Sleight of hand—Retaining the ladies of marriage.

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 7, 1863.

Voice of the Clergy.

Some time since, Bishop Hopkins, of Vermont, preached a sermon in defence of slavery, which has been widely published throughout this State by those who consider either 1st, that slavery is a divine institution, or, 2d, that it must be upheld in order to secure the success of their party. The Episcopal clergy of Philadelphia, feeling that they could not sanction such a document, and that the extensive promulgation of such sentiments in this State demanded of them a definition of their position, have published the following plain and manly protest:

"The subscribers deeply regret that the fact of the extensive circulation through this diocese of a letter by John Henry Hopkins, Bishop of the Diocese of Vermont, in defence of southern slavery, compels them to make this public protest. It is not their province to mix in any political canvass. But as ministers of Christ, in the Protestant Episcopal Church, it becomes them to deny any complicity or sympathy with such a defence.

"This attempt not only to apologize for slavery in the abstract, but to advocate it as it exists in the cotton States, and in States which sell men and women in the open market as their staple product, is, in our judgment, unworthy of any servant of Jesus Christ. As an effort to sustain, on Bible principles, the States in rebellion against the Government, in the wicked attempt to establish, by force of arms, a tyranny under the name of a republic, whose "corner-stone" shall be the perpetual bondage of the African, it challenges their indignant reprobation.

"Philadelphia, September, 1863."

Alonzo Potter,	George Leeds,
John Rodney,	J A Childs,
E A Washburn,	Thomas C Yarnall,
Wm Suddars,	E Lounsberry,
D R Goodwin,	H M Stuart,
G E Hare,	J G Maxwell,
M A D W Howe,	J A Vaughan,
W W Spear,	E S Watson,
J M Douglas,	Samuel Edwards,
H S Spackman,	Joel Rudderow,
P Van Pelt,	Geo A Durborrow,
C D Cooper,	R J Farvin,
W F Paddock,	A Beatty,
R D Hall,	T S Yocum,
J D Newlin	J K Moore,
B W Morris,	W J Alston,
D S Miller,	A Elwyn,
B T Noakes,	G M Murray,
R A Carden,	C A L Richards,
R C Matlack,	G A Strong,
L W Smith,	J B Robins,
S Appleton,	Thomas B Barker
Phillips Brooks,	S Tweedale,
Daniel Washburn,	M A Tolman,
D O Kellogg,	George Bringhurst,
Kingston Goddard,	G W Shinn,
J L Heyzinger,	C W Duane,
R Newton,	J H Drumm,
Charles A Maison,	S Hall,
John Long,	G B Allinson,
Ormes B Keith,	J N Spear,
A B Atkins,	Joseph N Mulford,
Samuel E Smith,	F G Field,
H Hooker,	L C Newman,
W N Dehl,	R C Evans,
B Watson,	E C Jones,
Charles W Quick,	J DeW. Perry,
Treadwell Walden,	R G Chase,
H T Wells,	T G Clemson,
J H J Morton,	

A copy of this protest has been forwarded to all the Episcopal clergy in this State, together with the names of the signers, and a blank place left for the signature of the recipient, if he approves of it. Rev. R. W. Oliver, Rector of the Church in this place, received a copy, and after giving his signature of approval, addressed the following letter to the committee:

ALTOONA, Sept. 30, 1863.

Believing that nothing short of such a protest can do anything efficiently to resist the foul and blasphemous untruths contained in Bishop Hopkins' defence of slavery. I do, from my inmost soul, thank you for giving me an opportunity of signing, as I do, the enclosed document.

I am, dear Brother,

Affectionately Yours in Christ,

R. W. OLIVER.

WAR NEWS.—Since our last, both armies appear to have been lying quiet, no important movements having been made on either side. The concentration of very large armies at Chattanooga indicates that both sides look upon the coming struggle at that point as one of great gain or loss to the contestants. The rebels must keep Rosecrans from penetrating any further in that direction, if they hope for anything in the future, and Rosecrans must break through their lines, if he would give a crushing blow to the rebellion.—This being the case, we look for the next battle at that point to be one of the severest of the war.

General Gilmore occasionly relieves the monotony of Charleston by dropping a shell into the city, to let the inhabitants know that he is still about. The work of reducing the remaining fortifications and taking the city is necessarily slow work, but it will be done.

☞ Recruiting in Maryland. The recruiting of colored soldiers in Maryland is going on at the rate of one hundred daily. Loyal masters receive certificates for three hundred dollars for their negroes enlisted, payable when the Constitution of Maryland shall be altered so as to permit emancipation. The 7th regiment of colored troops is nearly full.

HAMILL VICTORIOUS.—There has been considerable excitement in sporting circles recently, in reference to the sculling match between the champion oarsmen, James Hamill, of Pittsburgh, and Joshua Ward, of Newburg, which came off on the 28th ult., on the Hudson river, at Poughkeepsie. Last year these same men rowed a race on the Schuylkill, which was won by Hamill. On the 23d of August last. the same men rowed a race on the Hudson, but on account of indisposition, and a charge of unfairness, Hamill was beaten. Knowing that he could beat Ward, he immediately challenged him to another match, which came off on the 28th ult., and in which he beat him easily. The distance rowed was five miles. Hamill made the distance in thirty-seven minutes and thirty-nine seconds, while the time of Ward was forty-two minutes and thirty-nine-seconds. Pennsylvania claims the champion oarsman.

SHALL THE SOLDIERS VOTE?—A very important question will be submitted to the voters of this State, on Tuesday next, viz: That of deciding upon an amendment to the Constitution of the State, giving to soldiers the right to vote. We believe it radically wrong to deprive volunteer soldiers of the elective franchise. They are absent from home, but they are performing a work for those at home.—They are securing to those at home the privilege of exercising the elective franchise, and it appears to us most unjust, that, because of this necessarily temporary absence from their place of voting, without the privilege of returning, they should be disfranchised. We hope to chronicle the adoption of the amendment by a tremendous majority. The section to be voted upon will be found in our advertising columns.

Letter from the 84th Reg. P. V.

HEADQUARTERS CO. K, 84TH REG. P. V., NEAR CULPEPPER, VA., SEPT. 29, 1863.

MESSRS EDITORS:—Without previous introduction, although once an apprentice in your peaceful town, I must relate to you a circumstance which occurred in our camp this morning. Here, as at home, the Governor's election is creating quite a sensation, and probably we feel more deeply and would be more effected by the result than those at home. Discussions, political ones I mean, very spirited, have occurred daily for the last few weeks. The soldiers are alive with that magic energy which infuses itself into the heart of every loyal citizen on election day. The same interest in the contest for Governor is manifested here as at home, and probably more, but as discussions seldom result in definite or impartial decisions, it was finally proposed to hold an election to determine the true sentiment of the 84th in reference to the candidates for Governor of Pennsylvania. We had it very quietly and, the boys say, very *dry*. But to give our friends at Altoona, and throughout the county, an idea of the respect, esteem and loving devotion the old 84th cherishes for Andrew G. Curtin, I send you the result.

	Curtin.	Woodward.
Field & Staff.	09	00
Company A,	21	15
" B,	25	00
" C,	08	13
" D,	28	02
" E,	27	01
" F,	10	05
" G,	18	05
" H,	14	07
" I,	15	06
" K,	31	06
	203	60
	60	
Majority for Curtin	143	

Taking the above as a criterion, no one would doubt the re-election of Gov. A. G. Curtin, could the men who fight for the liberties others enjoy have the privilege of exercising the elective franchise. This election, although not considered legal, is a fair illustration of every regiment from Pennsylvania, and what the result would be if the soldier were allowed to vote.

But, aside from political matters, our friends, through this sham election, have an exhibit of the present strength of the different companies in the regiment. There are some seventy men absent as prisoners. Of this number, 29 are members of company K, who were taken prisoners at the battle of Chancellorville, May 3d. The loss of company K, in that battle, was as follows:—Killed 1, wounded 7, prisoners 29.

Company K, entered the field with 91 men—received by consolidation 37—took into the battle of Chancellorville 50—present strenght, including absentees, 79 men.

As a company, ours has been very fortunate. Although it suffered severely in prisoners, yet they exist. But four of old company *I* (known as Hooper's company) yet remain. It was consolidated with company K, a Clearfield company, October 9th 1862. I mention this in order that our friends may keep pace with us. The boys all join with me sending their respects to our friends and acquaintances, not forgetting those "over the hill" in Collinsville.

Respectfully Yours,

ALLAN H. NIXSON.

Capt. Co. K, 84th Regt. P. P.

☞ Among the latest bijouterie imported from France are walking canes of rare wood, with ormolu heads, affixed to which are elegant lorgnettes of great power, doing double duty as spy-glasses and handles to the canes. The price is only twelve dollars for the entire affair. To produce the same article in this country would cost about fifty dollars. A hand in steel, mounted in gilt, grasping the delicate lorgnette, was the pattern of one among others. The lorgnette was an excellent telescope with two slides, an inch and a quarter in diameter at the thicker end. They would make an excellent accompaniment to a corn colored goatee, a lisp, and a head of sorrel hair parted in the middle.

Letter from "August Sontag."

A call for little "Blossom"—Going over the Alleghenies—What "Sunshine" thinks about the scenery—The C. & P. R. R.—Cleveland city upon a slippery foundation—Customs of the city—Our contemplated trip over to Detroit, &c.

CLEVELAND, October 7th, 1863.

Little "Blossom," the brown autumn season has come, and the new moon, that last year we saw looking down into the notch of the Cove Mountains, is again beaming upon us. Shall it look upon all the lovers of nature and miss two who worship it so blindly and devotedly? No, this must not—cannot be. So, come away from your secluded forest home, and permit Sontag to be your protector and enjoy your society, with that of "Sunshine," who shall play "mentor" in our imaginations. Yes, come away, while "Sunshine" puts the last cap-stone to the temple of erudition which she is building in the minds of the neophytes and prepares for her own flight into the hyperborean regions of the North. She heeds the call and comes—jockey hat, Solfarino, Garabaldi and all—all except the Arab Bumons, in place of which she substitutes a stout shawl of the Evans Tartan, which indicates that she is going first on Lake Erie, instead of the Hudson, and that she will, by and by, be looking upon the famous Commodore Perry's battle-field, instead of the Hudson Highlands, the Hills of Ulster and the Catskills.

"Sunshine" is temporarily drowsy, and only catches the grand scenery sweeping to the left of us, as we ascend the Eastern slope of the Alleghany Mountains, in fitful glimpses in the midst of naps, not at all favorable to her making out a very correct map of the country through which she is passing, in the event of her ever taking a fancy in this direction. "Sunshine" does not wake up altogether until the Brakeman calls out "Cresson," and it is to be supposed that through her sleepy brain runs some feint recollections of a "hot supper," for her prim little lips, with cupids bow spanning the upper arch, are seen to smack suspiciously and she springs upright with a muttered exclamation which we construed into "tea buiscuits hot." It is only justice to the little lady to say that she indignantly denies having uttered any such exclamation, and that she only claims to have said that she "saw distinctly to the top." Those who choose to spiritualize the real in this manner may believe her version, but Sontag has a decided preference to his own.

We have the rear car and there are not many legs to stumble over (as they have all gone to bed) and not many seats to fall against, as we take our way to the rear platform, leaving poor little "Sunshine" in dreamland until we return. We had just gone clattering through a deep rock-cut when we took our places on the platform. With one hand I grasped the iron railing and with the other wound around the waist of little "Blossom,"—who shudders at the swaying of the train, and suffers more than a little with the cinders that *will* fly into her bright eyes, but who bears herself marvelously well, notwithstanding—we are flying down the grade at a break-neck speed, showing, oh! so much plainer, as realized from such a position. The skirting hills, the trees, the far away mountains, all fly away as if we were in bird-flight, and the long double line of track, that look like streams of molten lead, stretches out—out—out behind us, as if the train was some monstrous mechanical spider and this the web it was stretching around the whole globe in its flight. Then we dash around a curve and across the viaduct, catch a moment's glimpse down into a dizzy gulf of some hundred feet, with the tall pines looking like mere bushes at the bottom, and with a silver cascade of such marvelous beauty, dashing down through the trees at the right, that it seems a sacrilege to fly away from it with no moment to pause. A few moments longer on the down grade and we fly over a bridge which spans the Connemaugh, a rapid river, and rounding a curve beyond we look back and have a magnificent side view of the admirable structure.

"Sunshine" does not fairly wake up until we are passing the mammoth "Cambria Iron Works,"—which she thinks look like Mount Vesuvius—and have left the Alleghenies far behind, and we are running nearly due West along a plateau of land from which we catch sight of the Connemaugh Valley, with a range of hills lifting themselves across the valley in every shape of mountain beauty, and every variety of changing light and shadow. Then the bright eyes flash and the little form trembles with the first actual sensation of the journey, while the red lips quiver out "Look! Look! there are the muontain lights and shadows I have been looking for so long! and what a beautiful valley that is, broken up with its woods and farm lands, and how magnificent the whole scene is altogether!" Right, "Sunshine," the chord has echoed at the right moment. You are not the first, by many thousands, of the bright young faces that have flashed with a new pleasure, and the fresh young hearts that have bounded with a new sensation, when catching that first of the unequalled views of mountain, valley and river, studding the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Now all alive and awake, that flash of the eye is not dimmed and that new tingle of the blood is everything but lost, as a flash of bright water shows through the heavy trees that skirt the road to the right, and we break out directly on the left bank of the coy and changeable Connemaugh. Such a scene as this! The river winding and curving so as almost to carry out the outrageous fancy of the Rio Grande, at the time of Taylor's campaign in Mexico, of being so crooked that the wild ducks, trying to fly across, got confused and found themselves back on the same side from which they started, the bold, rocky and wooded banks, half covered with foliage with the first tinge of brown autumn upon the leaves, making visible the strata of rocks, and the Connemaugh, narrow, rapid, sweeping along with quiet force, running over rocks of its bed with the mad rush of a childish and untaught Niagara rapid; the cleft of the river through the rocky george guiding not only the passage of its own waters, but that of the iron road upon which we are riding, and that of the Penn's Canal which formerly done so heavy a share of the druddery of transportation. Over on the other side of the stream occasionally an aqueduct takes the canal up bodily, as a maid would a tubful of water for her morning's wash, and carries it over to the other side of the river; and yet again, little tumbles and cascades coming down like great falls in miniature, and laughing saucily down the bank, where the flow of water is so great as to allow of an escape. Such a scene as all this is not to be met with every day, even by eyes that open upon broader prospects than "Sunshine's;" and it is to be respected accordingly.

Canals are generally associated in the mind with the idea of "Holland and the dead level;" and there certainly never was an artificial water course made for the drudgery of clumsy canal boats, gifted with so romantic a setting of rock and hill, as the old Penn's Canal. Oblivious of the fact that the tow-path passes under every bridge, with the fleet of "creeping things," as "Sunshine" calls them, she is a little puzzled to know how the boats get by the bridge, and finally comes to the conclusion that as each is reached, the mules (they move so rapidly) must be in the habit of taking a flying leap into the air, dragging the boat after them, after the manner of one of the fabled flying charriots, and coming down all right, but with somewhat of a splash, on the other side. Incredulous "Sunshine." She thinks she recognises one of these men—the one who holds an umbrella over his head while he steers the boat—and thinks that she once saw him handling molasses casks, down on the wharves, with a parasol and a pair of lemon-colored kids.

"Sunshine's" eyes are very young and very bright and the little head goes dodging and perking this way and that, making discoveries of beautiful points of scenery that are almost fatiguing to Sontag; but he is well repaid after all, for what glorious glimpses are some of those ahead? Peak after peak of the hills rising away back behind each other, clothed in in every variety of sunlight misty veil and cloud shadow; and what more quiet but equally glorious glimpses are those behind, of sudden bends and curves in the river, the water sleeping calm and placid, and the whole bank of rock and tree so mirrored there that the stream might have been made but as a looking-glass for the morning toilet of the Dryads. Once the slight frame starts and shudders, as we are rounding the very edge of a precipice—Pack-Saddle Hollow—and the car leaning over at an angle of about thirty degrees, while the river glances dark and solemn at least a hundred feet below. If anything gives way, merry "Sunshine" and confiding "Blossom;" yes, if anything *should* give way on a railroad train, at this high altitude and speed, the chances are ten to one that our brief history would be closed up from that moment; and so what is the difference? These thoughts are something to be remembered, and mayhaps even dreamed about in the future. But, enough here. As midnight closes down upon us, we will close our eyes and rest until aroused by the light of the street lamps, or the shouting of the hackmen, at the Erebus of smoke.

"All rail to the Lake," is a proud thought, and as we glide smoothly over the rails of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R., all nature seems

"Glowing with life, by breezes fanned,
Luxuriant, lovely, as she came
Fresh in her youth from God's own hand,"

and as a writer once said, "No wonder that Cooper, in his tales of wild adventure, when the woodman's axe had echoed in every vale of the Eastern mountains, drove his hero forth to the haunts of nature in the West, to gaze upon the setting sun, passing away, not behind towering granite piles, but gradually sinking into the bosom of the quiet forrest."

Cleveland is a beautiful city, overlooking Lake Erie, and upon first sight our imagination pictured the city, some time in the future, breaking loose from this continent and taking a dive to the bottom of the lake. Cleveland can boast of her wide, clean streets, and particularly Euclid and Prospect streets, where we notice a great many pretty young ladies, who, at twilight, may be seen seated upon the best rug taken from the parlor and spread upon the front door-step—a thing rarely to be seen in the East—laughing and chatting gaily; coquettish looking houses, good hotels, especially the Angier House, under the management of Coe Ross, one of the most courteous landlords we have ever met. Through the kind invitation of Capt. Pierce—a gentleman of polished manners and who knows how to "run a boat"—we purpose leaving for Detroit by the evening line, a trip we have had in contemplation for a long time. We will write you again when we reach Niagara Falls. Until then, adieu.

Yours, truly,

AUGUSTUS SONTAG.

Terrible Accident at Nashville.

One of the most startling and fatal accidents occured in our city yesterday, says the Nashville *Press* of October 1st, that we have ever been called upon to chronicle. The scene of the sad disaster, so fraught with human sufferings, was the unfinished building situated on the corner of Church and Cherry streets, known as the Maxwell House, which is used as a barracks for our soldiers. At the time of the accident about six hundred Confederate prisoners were confined there, in the upper or fifth story. At the signal for breakfast the prisoners pushed to the head of the stairs, on their way to the dining-room, all gaiety and thoughtlessness. The rush was so sudden and their weight so great that the stairs gave way with a loud crash, and one hundred of the prisoners were suddenly precipitated with a perfect avalanche of broken and scattering timbers, through two sets of flooring to the third floor, where they landed one quivering mass of bleeding, mangled humanity. Two (whose names we have been unable to learn) were instantly killed, and the whole of them more or less injured. Many of them were frightfully disfigured, having their legs, arms, or heads broken.

The news of the accident spread rapidly through the city, and in a shore time the streets in that vicinity were crowded with persons anxions to learn the extent of the terrible affair. Guards were immediately thrown around the building to prevent the unfortunate sufferers, who were now being removed from the wreck, from being crowded. Ambulances were hurried to the spot, and the misguided and suffering Confederates, who had braved the dangers of many a hard fought battle to be maimed for life by an accident, were taken to the prison hospital. Here they were attended by our surgeons and nurses with all the kind and tender care that could have been shown a Federal soldier wounded under the Stars and Stripes, fighting for the Union. The secesh ladies also waited on them with an untiring devotion that would reflect honor on a more righteous cause.—One of the injured prisoners, a mere stripling, had been captured several times before, remarked that he "would not care half so much if he had taken his breakfast."

In another part of the building were some Union refugees lately arrived from Northern Georgia. Upon the occurrence of the accident, some of the men rushed to the rescue among the foremost. One of them found among the sufferers three of his neighbors from Georgia, who had long since left their homes for the rebel service. Another refugee found his son, who had been conscripted, and of whom he had not heard in sixteen months. A third encountered a brother from Texas, from whom he had been separated eight years. Such are the sad and impressive scenes, which can scarcely be called strange in this unnatural war.

Though many of the prisoners are badly hurt and will be crippled for life, we are told that not more than four or five are likely to die from the effects of their injuries.

THE REBEL RAMS IN ENGLAND.—Arrangements were making, before the order of detention was received from the British Government, to man the vessels with British sailors, preparatory to their departure for the coast of the United States. The United States Consul at Liverpool hopes to accumulate sufficient testimony to prove the character of these vessels, which everybody, including the British Government, already knows.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

The year that is drawing toward its close has been filled with the blessings of fruitful fields and healthful skies. To these bounties which are so constantly enjoyed, that we are prone to forget, the source from which they come, others have been added, which are of such an extraordinary nature that they cannot fail to penetrate and soften the heart which is habitually insensible to the ever watchful providence of almighty God.

In the midst of a civil war of unequal magnitude and severity, which has sometimes seemed to provoke the aggression of foreign States, peace has been preserved with all nations; order has been preserved with all nations; order has been maintained; the laws have been respected and obeyed, and harmony has prevailed every where except in the theatre of our military conflict, while that theatre has been greatly contracted by the advancing armies and navies of the Union.

Needful diversions of wealth and of strength from the fields of peaceful industry to the National defence, have not arrested the plough, the shuttle or the ship. The axe has enlarged the borders of our settlements, and the mines are full of iron and coal and of the precious metals, and have yielded even more abundantly than heretofore.

The population has steadily increased, notwithstanding the waste that has been made in the camp, the seige and the battle field, and the country rejoicing in the consciousness of augmented strength and vigor is permitted to expect a continuance of years with a large increase of freedom.

No human council hath devised, nor hath any mortal hand worked out these great things.—They are the gracious gifts of the most high God, who, while dealing with us in anger for our sins, has nevertheless remembered mercy. It has seemed to me fit and proper that they should be solemnly, reverently and gratefully acknowledged by the whole American people.

I do therefore invite my fellow citizens in every part of the United States, and also those who are at sea, and those who are sojourning in foreign country, to set apart and observe THE LAST THURSDAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer and praise to our benificient Father, who dwelleth in the heavens, and I recommend that while offering up the ascriptions justly due to Him for such singular deliverances and blessings, they do also with humble penitence for our perverseness and disobedience, commend to His tender care, all those who have become widows, orphans, mourners or sufferers in the lamentable strife in which we are unavoidably engaged, and fervently implore the interposition of the Almighty hand to heal the wound of the nation, and to restore as soon as may be consistent with the Divine purposes to the full enjoyment of peace and harmony, tranquility and Union.

In testimony whereof I have hereun.to set [L. S.] my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed:

Done at the city of Washington, this 3d day of October, in the year of Our Lord, 1863, and of the Independence of the United States, the Eighty-eighth. ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President,

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

The Bread Riot in Mobile.

On Friday, the 14th instant, says the New Orleans *Era* of the 20th, the women of Mobile, rendered desperate by their sufferings, met in large numbers on Spring Hill road, with banners, on which were printed such devices as "Bread or Blood" on one side, and "Peace" on the other, and, armed with knives and hatchets, marched down Dauphin street, breaking open stores in their progress, and taking for their use such articles of food or clothing as they were in urgent need of. It was, in fact, a most formidable riot, by a long-suffering and desperate population.

Gen. Maury commanding at Mobile, ordered the 17th Alabama regiment to put down the disturbance by force of arms. The soldiers refused to obey the order, saying that they would, if they took any action, rather assist those starving wives, mothers, sisters and daughters of men who had been forced to fight the battles of the rebellion.—Upon the refusal of the 17th, the Mobile Cadets were called upon. Now, the Cadets are known far and wide as a fancy military company, organized for the purpose of holiday show and parade, which has never yet seen service in any field, and probably never will. But being made of sterner stuff than the 17th, which is probably largely made up of mudsills, the Cadets undertook to force these poor, wretched women to retire peaceably to their homes.

Quite a little scrimmage ensued, resulting in the repulse of the "gallant fellows," who have figured in the Mobile papers for so many years as capable of martial deeds. The Cadets were defeated and taught to fly in their first action, and the mob ruled the hour. Mayor Slough and the Provost Marshal now appeared, and tried their powers of persuasion. They promised the women that if they would disperse, they should have everything they required. This strategy was more successful than open force, and the rioters went home "promise crammed."

In the evening, however, the riot broke out again, more fiercely than ever, but as our informant left in the interval of quiet, we cannot learn the result of the second attempt. The population of Mobile very naturally sympathised with these poor, straving women, and many incidents occurred to show this sentiment. One instance only we will mention; In coming down Dauphin street two women went into a Jew clothing store, in the performance of the work connected with the mission. The proprietor of the store forcibly ejected the intruders, and threw them violently down on the sidewalk. A policeman, who happened to be near, thereupon set upon the Jew and gave him a severe beating.

☞ Mr. Toombs, of Georgia, says, that when all is lost to the rebel cause, he will unite with those who have found honorable graves on the battle-field. This is perfectly characteristic of him. He held a command as a General for some months in the rebel service but resigned on account of some alleged dissatisfaction and went home to a place of safety. It seems that he now intends to go back to the service when that service shall be utterly hopeless, and when he can therefore do no good by joining it, but, till then, he means to stay where he is. A valuable champion of the rebel Confederacy to be sure.

UNION PRISONERS IN RICHMOND.—The *Examiner* says that four thousand soldiers captured from General Rosecrans at Chickamauga had reached Richmond, and two thousand more were expected hourly. The rebels claim that they have seven thousand of our men in the Richmond prisoners, warehouse and negro quarters, with three or four thousand more to come. As is usual with the polite editors of the South, they compliment the officers of the West as fine-looking, but insult the rank and file by calling them "hungry and thievish."

☞ The Washington *Republican* says:—All rumers to the contrary notwithstanding, cammunication with Rosecrance is not cut off. That a cavalry force crossed the Tennessee River at Washington, to annoy Rosecrans' rear, there is no doubt; but whether that force ever gets back to Rebeldom without suffering the fate of Morgan—defeat and capture—the gratest doubt does exist. Rosecrans is master of the situation at Chattanooga.

☞ Rebel deserters arriving in the Army of the Potomac represent the Rebel army as very bad off for shoes, owing to Charleston and other ports whence they heretofore derived their supplies from abroad being inaccessible to blockade-runners.—The condition of these men, being nearly barefooted, leaves no doubt of the truth of their statement.

☞ The York and Wrightsville branches of the North Central railway has been completed, and was opened for business on Monday. It will be remembered that some twenty-two bridges on this road had been destroyed by the rebels in June last.

From Havana.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.

The steamer Roanoke has arrived with Havana dates to the 30th. By her we have St. Domingo dates of the 20th ult.

The rebellion there still continues, and is increasing. Gundara was about marching on Monte Christe. The rebels continue near Porto Plata, and skirmishing daily occurs at Vantiago. The Spaniards were driven from three small forts and shut themselves up in the San Louis fort which had been assaulted three times unsuccessfully, after which the city was burned by the rebels.

Col. Cappe, with 2,000 Spaniards, had succeeded in reaching the fort by cutting his way through the rebels. Subsequently Santiago was abandoned by the Spaniards for Porto Plata, where the Spaniards will concentrate a large force. Three battalions have been sent to St. Domingo to reinforce Gen. Santana, who is marching on La Verza.

"BLUE" WHITE LETTER PAPER.—The practice of blueing the paper pulp had its origin in a singular accidental circumstance, which not merely as a historical fact, but as forming an amusing anecdote, is, perhaps, worth mentioning. It occurred about 1790, at a paper mill belonging to Mr. Buttonshaw, whose wife, on the occasion in question, was superintending the washing of some linen, when accidentally she dropped her bag of powder blue into the midst of some pulp in a forward state of preparation, and so great was the fear she entertained of the mischief she had done, seeing the blue rapidly amalgamated with the pulp, that allusion to it was studiously avoided; until, on Mr. Buttonshaw's inquiring in great astonishment what it was that had imparted the peculiar color to the pulp, his wife preceiving that no great damage had been done, took courage and at once disclosed the secret, for which she was afterwards rewarded in a remarkable manner by her husband, who, being naturally pleased with an advance of so much as four shillings per bundle, upon submitting the "improved" made to the London market, immediately purchased a costly scarlet cloak (something more congenial to taste in those days, it is presumed, than it would be now,) with much satisfaction to the sharer of his joys.—*Hewing's Paper and Paper Maker.*

(Advertisement.)

National Union Party.

The National Union Party was formed for the purpose of aiding the government of the United States in suppressing the existing rebellion. It had, and has, no other object whatever. Composed as it is of men who have hitherto belonged to different political organizations, it is in no sense a partisan body. At the last Presidential election some of its members supported John C. Breckinridge, some Stephen A. Douglas, some John Bell, and others the present Chief Magistrate, Abraham Lincoln. It knows no party now but the party of the country, and acknowledges no political obligation save that of assisting, by all the means in its power, the constituted authorities of the land to destroy the causeless and wicked rebellion which threatens the destruction of our national government.

Whilst we entirely disclaim all desire to promote the election of any man or set of men to office, simply because they are the candidates of a particular political party, we cannot nevertheless fail to see that the approaching gubernatorial election involves the question whether the government shall be sustained or overthrown, and whether the country shall be preserved or destroyed.—That the American Union can only be maintained in its integrity by the prompt and complete destruction of the rebellion, is apparent to the most casual observer, and it is equally clear that this can be accomplished alone by our armed forces. It is folly to talk of a peaceful settlement between the government and the traitors who are in arms against its rightful authority. There is no room for compromise. The government demands unconditional submission to the Constitution and laws of the United States, whilst the rebels claim to be entirely independent of either the Constitution or the laws made in pursuance thereof.—There is no middle ground whatever. There must be unqualified submission or none at all. The only peace that we can have is that which we conquer. If we cannot by force of arms destroy the rebellion, the Union of the States is lost forever.

We are clearly of the opinion that opposition to the war is opposition to the Union. That the leaders of the so-called Democratic party, its principal candidates in this State and elsewhere, are in opposition to the Government in its efforts to protect, by force, its existence, and to compel obedience to its laws, cannot truthfully be denied.—Instead of assisting the Government in the hour of its peril, they have constantly assailed all of its principal measures, and denounced in the most unmeasured terms the President of the United States and his constitutional advisers. Not content with heaping vituperations upon the men at the head of our national affairs, they are equally ready to abuse and villify every earnest Union man, whenever found, north or south, no matter of what political creed.

This party has nominated as its candidate for Governor in an adjoining State a man who, in Congress, refused to vote either men or money to enable the Government to crush the rebellion, and in our own State its nominee for the Gubernatorial chair is of the extreme State-rights school, and probably the most ultra pro-slavery man to be found within the Commonwealth. Occupying a high official position, being one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this State, he has never, so far as we know, by word or deed, since the rebellion began, rendered the least service in its suppression, or evinced any desire for our just cause. From his declared sentiments we have every reason to believe that if the executive power of the State is placed in his hands, he will so use it as to thwart the measures and weaken the efforts of the general Government for the annihilation of this vile rebellion, and the consequent preservation of our dearly cherished Union. The effect of such a course, upon the part of the Executive of this great Commonwealth, would unquestionably be to prolong the war, to invite foreign interference, and greatly to endanger the final success of the armies of the Union. Indeed it is evident that the main, if not the only hope of the traitors, who compose what they call the confederate government, lies in the election of such men in northern States as Clement L. Vallandigham, of Ohio, and George W. Woodward of Pennsylvania, and nowhere is there to-day such anxiety felt for their success as at Richmond and Charleston. It it a wise saying, "that we should always avoid doing what our enemies wish us to do."

Our present Executive, Andrew G. Curtin has already given abundant evidence of his patriotic zeal in behalf of the State and the Union. Called to office which he so ably fills just before the commencement of the rebellion, he has upon all occasions, at all times, and in all places, given his utmost exertions, alike to the defence of the State when attacked by invading foes, and to the preservation of the nation when its destruction was menaced by immense numbers of armed traitors.—This he will continue to do. His fidelity in the past is a guaranty for the future. Whilst he continues to occupy the Executive chair they need be no apprehension that Pennsylvania will fail in the performance of her entire duty in this great emergency, and no fear that her soldiers will be compelled to remain within her own borders while the battles of the nation are being elsewhere fought.

Entertaining these views, we believe it to be our imperative duty, by all ligitimate and proper means, to aid in the re-election of Andrew G. Curtin as Governor of this commonwealth, and we therefore earnestly urge all those who believe that the government which our fathers formed ought to be preserved in its entirety, and that the attempt to destroy it should proves its strength and its power by terminating in the utter overthrow of the rebellion, and the condign punishment of its guilty authors, regardless of past political associations, to give him, in the present canvass, their energetic support, and in the coming election their united votes.

Altoona Tribune

Printed on Campbell's $600 "Country Press."

TRIBUNE POWER-PRE

CARD

PRINTING OFFICE

Having, within the past two years, made consid
addition to our establishment in the way of new
types, Screw Press, Paper Cutter, Card Cutter, Rul
Cutter, Card Power Press, and large Newspaper
Press, (a cut of which we give above) we are now p
to execute anything in the line of printing or ru
a style equal to any establishment in the State,
prices equally low. We can execute, on short no
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Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Ball & Business
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Office in Lowther's building, corner of Virginia
and streets, opposite Superintendent's Office.

LOCAL ITEMS

☞ The subject of the following notice, we clip from the Hollidaysburg *Register* brought to this place, on Thursday evening week. His remains were received at the by a military escort and taken to the reside his brother-in-law, Samuel I. Fries, where were kept until 10 o'clock on Wednesday mo when they were placed on the Branch trai taken to Hollidaysburg for interment:

CORPORAL GEORGE W. BOGGS.—Anoth our young soldiers gone, one who was amongst us, and whose many social and qualities gained him hosts of friends, and death is regretted by the whole community.

George W. Boggs was a member of "K Battery," of Pittsburgh, so celebrated for its efficiency and execution at the various battl which it bore a prominent part. George wa of its most efficient members, and has left h him a record to which few men of his age attained. He served a term of enlistment i Regular Army under Capt. (now General) S on the front iers against the bands of savages have been hostile to the United States for a ber of years. In a battle with the Cayenne young hero was seriously wounded. After s out his time of enlistment, he returned mountain home, to enjoy the society of his tives who reside in this County.

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He was exchanged and rejoined the ba and at the battle of Gettysburg was ser wounded. Over exertion and a painful brought back his old disease which resulted death of this young and noble patriot, whos for the last seven years had been spent in th vice of his Country. His funeral took pla Wednesday, Sept. 30th, last, and was largel tended by his friends of Altoona and Holl burg and a company of returned volunteers command of Colonel McKage. G. W.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—The Democratic ing, on Saturday evening last, was very credi in point of numbers, and like all such colle previous to election, was "very enthusiast The Hollidaysburg train, consisting of some seven cars, was well filled, and quite a numbe from points down the road. The Altoona Band was engaged for the occesion. At half-past seven o'clock the meeting opened crossing of Virginia and Julia street. Aft election of officers, (we have not been fur with a list) Chas. J. Ingersoll, of Philad was introduced to the audiance. His them the seizure of the Railroads and Telegraphs President, in case of necessity, the end taxes, the conscription, &c. Speeches wer made by W. A. Wallace, Esq., of Clearfie S. Johnson and Philip S. Noon, Esqrs., o ensburg. With the exceptions of some rowdyi a part of a portion of the Hollidaysburg everything passed off in the most orderly m

☞ It has been currently reported tha grand Army of the Potomac is again on the This is very cheering at this time, for we fee fident, that under the leadership of the g Meade it will be victorious wherever he may and we may yet have the pleasure of rec in our paper, ere this year has passed, the c of the Capitol of the would-be Confeder But in the meantime our citizens should n unmindful of the fact that our friend M Roush, Druggist, has lately received a sp lot of new goods consisting of drugs and cines of the best qualities, and notions of all such as port monaies combs, brushes, perfu cigars, tobacco, &c., which will be dispos cheap. Give him a call.

WINTER'S COMING.—"Who doesn't that?" we think we hear half-a-dozen excla once. Well, perhaps you know it, and have a good stove and plenty of fuel, or mo buy it, you don't care; but there are many stoves are about "played out," and we w tell them that a large stock of every st cooking, office, parlor and bedroom stove just been received by Mrs. S. Rigg, a manager, Joe Smith, will deliver one on notice, all rigged up with the proper fixing etc., and have it in blast in short order, a prices will be found as reasonable as any merchant's.

DANIEL HAS ARRIVED.—Last week nounced Daniel coming. Having seen the street we know he has arrived. and w his stock of ready-made clothing has also because his shelves are full and his cou piled up that you can scarcely see the cl hind them. If those who wish a good su nice overcoat, or anything in the cloth cannot be suited at Laughman's, they hard to please. If you want to see a pile just drop in at Dan's.

RELIGIOUS.—The Methodist Church place, being now closed to public worship going repairs in the way of papering, &c., Rev. W. R. Mills will, by invitation in the Presbyterian Church next Sabbath and evening, where the congregation churches named will worship together.

...om Havana.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.
Roanoke has arrived with Havana
By her we have St. Domingo
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(Advertisement.)

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Altoona Tribune.

Printed on Campbell's $650 "Country Press."

TRIBUNE POWER-PRESS

CARD & JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

Having, within the past two years, made considerable addition to our establishment in the way of new fancy type, Screw Press, Paper Cutter, Card Cutter, Ruling Machine, Card Power Press, and large Newspaper Power Press (a cut of which we give above) we are now prepared to execute anything in the line of printing or ruling in a style equal to any establishment in the state, and at prices equally low. We can execute, on short notice, all styles of

Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Ball & Business Cards,
Circulars, Programmes,
MAMMOTH POSTERS, SALE BILLS,
BILL AND LETTER-HEADS
Pamphlets, Pay and Check Rolls,
BLANK BOOKS,
MANIFESTS, AND BLANKS OF ALL KINDS.

All we ask is a trial, feeling confident that we can give satisfaction if we have the opportunity.

Office in Lowther's building, corner of Virginia and Annstreets, opposite Superintendent's Office.

LOCAL ITEMS.

☞ The subject of the following notice, which we clip from the Hollidaysburg *Register*, was brought to this place, on Thursday evening of last week. His remains were received at the depot by a military escort and taken to the residence of his brotherin-law, Samuel I. Fries, where they were kept until 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning when they were placed on the Branch train and taken to Hollidaysburg for interment:

CORPORAL GEORGE W. BOGGS.—Another of our young soldiers gone, one who was raised amongst us, and whose many social and manly qualities gained him hosts of friends, and whose death is regretted by the whole community.

George W. Boggs was a member of "Knapp's Battery," of Pittsburgh, so celebrated for its efficiency and execution at the various battles in which it bore a prominent part. George was one of its most efficient members, and has left behind him a record to which few men of his age have attained. He served a term of enlistment in the Regular Army under Capt. (now General) Sturgis on the forntiers against the bands of savages, that have been hostile to the United States for a number of years. In a battle with the Cayennes our young hero was seriously wounded. After serving out his time of enlistment, he returned to his mountain home, to enjoy the society of his relatives who reside in this County.

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He was exchanged and rejoined the battery, and at the battle of Gettysburg was seriously wounded. Over exertion and a painful wound brought back his old disease which resulted in the death of this young and noble patriot, whose life for the last seven years had been spent in the service of his Country. His funeral took place on Wednesday, Sept. 30th, last, and was largely attended by his friends of Altoona and Hollidaysburg and a company of returned volunteers under command of Colonel McKage. G. W. L.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—The Democratic meeting, on Saturday evening last, was very creditable, in point of numbers, and like all such collections, previous to election, was "very enthusiastic."—The Hollidaysburg train, consisting of some six or seven cars, was well filled, and quite a number came from points down the road. The Altoona Brass Band was engaged for the occesion. At about half-past seven o'clock the meeting opened at the crossing of Virginia and Julia street. After the election of officers, (we have not been furnished with a list) Chas. J. Ingersoll, of Philadelphia, was introduced to the audiance. His theme was the seizure of the Railroads and Telegraphs by the President, in case of necessity, the enormous taxes, the conscription, &c. Speeches were also made by W. A. Wallace, Esq., of Clearfield, R. S. Johnson and Philip S. Noon, Esqrs., of Ebensburg. With the exceptions of some rowdyism on the part of a portion of the Hollidaysburg crowd, everything passed off in the most orderly manner.

☞ It has been currently reported that the grand Army of the Potomac is again on the move. This is very cheering at this time, for we feel confident, that under the leadership of the gallant Meade it will be victorious wherever he may lead, and we may yet have the pleasure of recording in our paper, ere this year has passed, the capture of the Capitol of the would-be Confederacy.—But in the meantime our citizens should not be unmindful of the fact that our friend Mr. A. Roush, Druggist, has lately received a splendid lot of new goods consisting of drugs and medicines of the best qualities, and notions of all kinds, such as port monnies combs, brushes, perfumery, cigars, tobacco, &c., which will be disposed of cheap. Give him a call.

WISTER'S COMING.—"Who doesn't know that?" we think we hear half-a-dozen exclaim at once. Well, perhaps you know it, and if you have a good stove and plenty of fuel, or money to buy it, you don't care; but there are many whose stoves are about "played out," and we want to tell them that a large stock of every style of cooking, office, parlor and bedroom stoves have just been received by Mrs. S. Rigg, and her manager, Joe Smith, will deliver one on short notice, all rigged up with the proper fixings, pipe, etc., and have it in blast in short order, and his prices will be found as reasonable as any other merchant's.

DANIEL HAS ARRIVED.—Last week we announced Daniel coming. Having seen him on the street we know he has arrived, and we know his stock of ready-made clothing has also arrived, because his shelves are full and his counters so piled up that you can scarcely see the clerks behind them. If those who wish a good suit, or a nice overcoat, or anything in the clothing line cannot be suited at Laughman's, they must be hard to please. If you want to see a pile of goods, just drop in at Dan's.

RELIGIOUS.—The Methodist Church in this place, being now closed to public worship, undergoing repairs in the way of papering, painting, &c., Rev. W. R. Mills will, by invitation, preach in the Presbyterian Church next Sabbath morning and evening, where the congregations of the churches named will worship together.

IRON CITY COLLEGE, PITTSBURGH, PA.—There is no Institution of learning in the country, at present, attracting so great an amount of attention as this. Students are flocking to it from all parts of the country, on account of the reputation it has among business men for making thorough, practical and reliable accountants.

Its graduates take precedence over those of all other Commercial Schools; a Diploma from this College being a certain passport to success in business life.

The Faculty is composed of skillful and experienced men, who stand at the head of their profession, and who are well known to be eminently fitted for the positions they occupy. Every young man in the country should try to avail himself of the advantages afforded by a course of study in this College. Circulars of the College, containing full information, can be had on addressing the Principals, Messrs. JENKINS & SMITH, PITTSBURGH, PA.

LADIES, A WORD WITH YOU.—Every body has seen those summer bonnets you have been wearing, and they no longer create a sensation when you appear in public, and, besides, the color and trimmings have faded, and they are no more "loves of bonnets," such as you would appear in. Now, a word aside, the Misses Hickey have just received their stock of full bonnets, and, oh! they are *so* pretty, and *so* becoming, and they can trim them up *so* neatly, and make you appear *so* pretty, and *so* captivating. Rush in at once and see how many of you can get new bonnets before next Sunday.

ACCIDENT AT MIFFLIN.—The Fast Train East, on Thursday morning last, ran into the rear end of a freight train, in concequence of the breaking of a lever which controlled the breaks of the passenger train. Jesse M. Fizzle, of Harrisburg, Fireman of the passenger engine was killed, and Philip Lowe, Engineer, was badly injured, having one foot mashed and being held on the engine in close proximity to escaping steam. The Baggage Master was somewhat bruised by trunks which fell on him. No passengers were injured.

GO-A-HEADATIVENESS.—A spirit of goaheadativeness appears to have seized a number of our business men this fall, and they are striking right out into deep water, determined to fathom it. Among them we find that excellent "night of the shears," Thos. Elway, who has just been to the East and purchased a heavy stock of all styles of goods for gents clothing, and he is now prepared to make up his clothes in the best and latest styles and at the very lowest living percentage on first cost. Call and examine his stock.

A REVIEW.—Rev. R. W. Oliver, Rector of St. Luke's Episcopal Church, in this place, will review Bishop Hopkin's sermon in defence of slavery, on Sunday evening next, in his church, East Altoona. The public is respectively invited to attend.

PEN AND SCISSORS

☞ The receipts from the internal revenue, for September, were $6,136,000.

☞ Holland, Mass., has four hundred inhabitants, without a doctor, lawyer, store or grogshop.

☞ A son of the late Admiral Foote follows in his father's footsteps, and has become a midshipman.

☞ What the people of New Orleans think. The *Era* says: "The armies of the Union must march on until every rebel in arms is captured or driven from the land."

☞ It is a singular coincidence that the Indian name of the river near which Gen. Rosecrans fought his last terrible and bloody battle, that of Chickamauga, means "the stream of Death."

☞ The sailors attached to Admiral Farragut's squadron which captured New O'leans, are, it is expected, soon to receive half a million dollars, their share of the value of the Confederate vessels seized on the Mississippi.

☞ Rosecrans said months ago of General Thomas: "George H. Thomas is a man of extraordinary character. Years ago, at the Military Academy, I conceived there were points of strong resemblance between his character and that of Washington. I was in the habit of calling him Gen. Washington.

Among the officers who distinguished themselves at the battle of Chickamauga, and displayed their fitness for a high command, is Gen. J. J. Reynolds, of Indiana. A better man for a corps commander than Gen. Reynolds could not be selected. He is the man who, in the winter of '61-'62, outgeneraled Robert E. Lee, in Western Virginia.

☞ The convalescents in York, Pa., hospitals, to the number of several hundred, were on Wednesday granted a furlough for twenty days, in order to return to their respective homes throughout the State for the purpose of voting at the coming election. The men formed in procession at their quarters and marched to the depot with a band of music, carrying at their head a "banner with this strange device!" "*Going on a snake hunt.*"

GERMAN MEETING!

A meeting of the German citizens of Altoona and vicinity will be held in

KURTZ'S HALL,

On SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 10th, at half-past seven o'clock, to be addressed by

MAJ. J. F. FRUEAUFF,

of Hollidaysburg, in the German language, on the questions involved in the present political campaign.

Let there be a full turn out.

New Goods,

KERR has just received a very handsome lot of new fall goods, which will be sold AT PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

Those requiring anything in his line will SAVE CASH by calling soon, as goods will positively be much higher before long.

The newly arrived stock consists of Shirting Flannel, Delaines, Balm'l Skirts, Satinetts, Casimeres, Prints, Cloaking Cloths, Tweeds, Check, Brown Muslin, Jeans, Ticking, Bleached Muslin, &c.

Call and get a bargain before the goods are all disposed of.

His stock of Groceries is complete, and the attention of the public is directed to the fact that he is selling the BEST RIO COFFEE AT 33 CENTS per pound, SYRUPS from 50 to 75 cts per gallon, and all other goods in proportion.

Altoonn, Sept. 16th, 1863.

FIRE! FIRE!!—Do not risk your property any longer to the mercy of the flames, but go to Kerr and have him insure you against loss by fire.—He is agent for thirteen different companies, among which are some of the best in the United States.

Altoona, July 21,-tf.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINES.

OUR LETTER A FAMILY SEWING MACHINE is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all Family Sewing Machines yet offered to the public. No other Family Sewing Machine has so many useful appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Gauging, Braiding, Embroidering, Cording, and so forth. No other Family Sewing Machine has so much capacity for a great variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our Family Sewing Machine most reliable, and most durable, and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see at a glance, how to use the letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our Family Sewing Machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The folding Case of the Family Machine is a piece of cunning workmanship of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substantial table to sustain the work. While some of the Cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and cheapest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superb manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the Family Machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty.

It is fast becoming so popular for family sewing as our Manufacturing machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The Branch Offices are well supplied with silk twists, thread, needles, oil, &c., of the very best quality.

Send for a PAMPHLET.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
458 Broadway, New York

☞ PHILADELPHIA OFFICE, 810 Chestnut St.

Mr. D. W. A. Binford, Merchant Tailor, Virginia Street Agent in Altoona.
Altoona, Nov. 13, 1862. 1yr.

DR. TOBIAS' VENNETIA LINIMENT.

A certain cure for pains and aches, and warranted superior to any other. Croup it positively cures; relief is absolutely sure immediately after it is used. Mothers remember this, and arm yourselves with a bottle without delay. Croup is a disease which gives no notice, frequently attacking the child in the dead hour of night; before a physician can be summoned it may be too late. Remember, the Venetian Liniment never fails. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Office, 56 Cortland Street, New York. Sept 16, 1863—1m.

A CARD TO THE SUFFERING.

The Rev. Wm. Cosgrove, while laboring as a Missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desirous of benefiting others, I will send this recipe, which I have brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge. Address,

Rev. WM. COSGROVE,
139 Fulton Avenue,
Dec. 23, 1862-1y. Brooklyn, N. Y.

RAIL ROAD AND MAIL SCHEDULE.

TRAINS ARRIVE AND DEPART.

Baltimore Express	West	arrives	6.55 A.M.,	leaves	7.15 A.M.
Philadel'a	"	"	7.40 "	"	8.00 "
Fast Line	"	"	8.20 P.M.	"	8.35 P.M.
Mail Train	"	"	7.40 "	"	7.15 "
Express Train	East	"	8.40 P.M.,	leaves	9.00 P.M.
Fast Line	"	"	1.10 A.M.	"	1.15 A.M.
Mail Train	"	"	7.40 "	"	8.00 "
Through Accom.	"	"	10 15 "	"	10.25 "

Trains on Hollidaysburg Branch run to connect with Express Trains West, Mail Train East and West and Thro' Accommodation Train East.

Trains on Tyrone & Clearfield Branch and Bald Eagle Valley R. R. run to connect with Express Train West and Mail Train East and West.

MAILS ARRIVE.

Eastern Through	7.40 A.M.
Eastern Way	7.00 P.M.
Western Way	10.35 A.M.
Western Through	7.40 A.M.
Hollidaysburg	7.30 A.M. & 7.00 P.M.

MAILS CLOSE.

Western Way	7.20 A.M.
Eastern Way	7.20 "
Western Through	7.15 P.M.
Eastern Through	7.15 "
Hollidaysburg	7.30 A.M. & 6.45 P.M.

OFFICE HOURS.—During the week from 6.45 A.M. until 7.30 P.M. On Sundays from 7.30 until 8.30 A.M.

G. W. PATTON, P.M.

Altoona, April 20, 1863.

R. A. O. KERR,
ALTOONA, PA.,

AGENT for Blair, Cambria, Clearfield, Centre and Huntingdon counties, for the following lines of

TRANSPORTATION BETWEEN EUROPE AND THE UNITED STATES:

Montreal Line of Steamships.
Galway " "
Sabel & Scarles' Line of Sailing Packets.
Washington Line " "
Great Eastern Steamship.

Parties desiring to bring their friends from Europe, or wishing to take an excursion to that country, can secure Tickets at the same rates as are charged at the Offices of the different Lines at the starting points. ☞ Excursion Tickets for the round trip are sold at reduced rates.

Oct. 7, 1863-6m.

AVOID THE NEXT DRAFT!

THERE IS A PREVAILING EXCITEMENT among the people of Altoona and vicinity about THE SECOND DRAFT—not so much about the Draft as for making the *Three Hundred to pay exemption.* All patriotic! but choose rather to stay at home with their beloved ones, for their support, than to risk their lives in this bloody war. Now, to bring the matter to a close, we will inform the public that by buying their Goods at the GREEN STORE, Corner of Branch and Annie street, East Altoona, kept by GEIS & CO., they will

SAVE THE THREE HUNDRED

in a short time. They have just received a large and well selected stock of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, which they are selling for Cash at the lowest living prices.

A large assortment of LADIES' COATS AND CIRCULARS, ranging in price from $4.50 to $12.00.

The attention of the public is particularly drawn to the fact that they are selling Brown and White Muslin from 18 to 45 cents; Calicoes from 12½ to 25 cts.; Delaines from 18 to 35 cents per yard.

They have always on hand a large assortment of MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, and, in fact, everything kept in a first-class Store.

Altoona, Oct. 7, 1863.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING

uncalled for in Altoona Post Office, Oct. 5th, 1863

Acker, J. Mr.	Lane, G. W.
Abrahamer, D. B.	Logawell, J. N.
Bodine, Samuel	Miller, Harry
Boyer, Jos.	Marrion, F. B. 2
Byne, Mr.	Mark, Miss E.
Benjaman, Isaac	Minor, Dr. J. M.
Cassiday, James	Morrison, Jas.
Cronan, John	Mitchell, Miss A.
Cassiday, Wm.	Madden Wm.
Condo, Mrs. J.	Morse, H.
Cooper, Mrs. Mary	McClure, Wm.
Conrad I. A.	McCoy, Thos. B.
Davis, Michael	McKnight, L. B. 2
Dougherty, Miss E. S.	McMeaughton J. C.
Dodds, Marshall	McClure, John
Dehany, Mrs.	Potter, Simon
Dockerdy, Mr.	Rupert Miss Mary.
Shoeman, Samuel	Palmer, Mrs. K.
Flemming, Miss Jane	Rogers, Robert
Farber, Miss E.	Reed, J.
Giles, Miss Debbie	Stapleton, C. C.
Gass, James M.	Shultz, Mr. A.
Gelis, Rev. W. E.	Smith, C. B.
Hirt, Miss Sallie	Snyder, Mr. M.
Harrison, Miss A. P.	Stains, Benj.
Heartle, Mrs. Polly	Stoever, Uriah
Hartman, Jacob	Smith, Mrs. A.
Hoover, Valentine	Stephens, John
Harper, John	Smith, Capt. G. A
Hacker, Miss A.	Toneywell, J. W.
Heckle, Geo.	Watson, Joseph
Heister, Simon	Walker, Andrew
Killmartin, Miss E.	Twoodie, John.
Kephart, Frod'k	Ward, Capt. J. B.
Kelly, Miss C.	Yingling, Mrs. A.
Kelly, C. W.	Hearing, Adam
Kelley, Mrs. P. M.	Brown, Joshua.
Ledger, John	

Persons calling for letters on above list will please say "advertised." GEO. W. PATTON, P. M.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Partnership heretofore existing between John Schmidt and Josephine Riebenack, sole devisee of Roman Riebenack, deceased, has this day been mutually dissolved by agreement. All persons having claims against the firm will present them to John Schmidt for settlement, with whom the books and papers of the firm will be found, at the old stand on Julia Street, Altoona.

JOHN SCHMIDT.
Sept. 17, 1863. JOSEPHINE RIEBENACK.

NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country, that he has just returned from the East, where he has been selecting his stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which, for style, quality and price, cannot be surpassed in this neck of country. His stock is much larger than heretofore, and as it is quite an object, in these exciting war times, for every one to purchase where they can get

The Best Goods and at the Lowest Prices,

he would say that he can and will sell as low, if not a little lower than any other house in this place. He wishes all to call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can offer inducements which will defy competition. His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS of every description,
MEN AND BOYS' WINTER WEAR,
LADIES AND MISSES' DRESS SHOES,
MEN AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES,
MEN'S HALF HOSE,
WOMEN'S AND MISSES' WOOL HOSE,
HATS AND CAPS,
BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED MUSLIN,
GINGHAMS AND HEAVY DRILLINGS.

He will sell Ladies Sewed, Peeled Bootees at $1.50@1.75
Kip Pegged ..... 1.37@1.50
Men's Boots ..... 2.75@3.50
BALMORAL SKIRTS, very low.

GROCERIES.

White and Brown Sugar, Rio Coffees, Syrups, Teas, &c., and everything that is usually kept in a Dry Goods Store, and as cheap as the cheapest. J. A. SPRANKLE.

Altoona, Oct. 7, 1863.

Victory Won!

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that they have just returned from the East with their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES.

Their stock of HATS & CAPS have been selected with great care, and with the view of suiting all who may favor them with their patronage. Their line of Boots and Shoes is complete.

Their *LADIES' MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES* are of City make, and warranted. Their Balmoral Shoes for Ladies and Misses, are just the thing for wet weather and saving health.

Thankful to the public for their very liberal patronage heretofore, they hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Store on *MAIN ST.* next door to Bowman's Exchange Hotel. SMITH & MANN.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

EXCELSIOR
Hat & Cap Store.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EXCELSIOR" HAT and CAP Store, would inform his customers, and the Public generally, that he has just returned from the city with the largest and most varied stock of goods in his line ever brought to Altoona, all of which he has now on exhibition and sale at his new store room on Virginia street, next door to Jaggard's store. His stock embraces all the latest styles of

FALL AND WINTER

HATS, CAPS,

MISSES' FLATS, &C.

His Stock of Hats and Caps are of the very best selection, of every style, color and shape, for both old and young.

All he asks is that the people call and examine his stock, and he feels confident that he can send them away rejoicing, if not in the purchase of such an article as they wanted, at the remembrance of having looked upon the handsomest stock of Hats, Caps, Flats, &c., ever exhibited in this town.

I have also on hand an entirely new stock of

Ladies' and Childrens' Hats and Flats,

and a beautiful stock of

LADIES' FURS,

which I am confident cannot be surpassed in the country, all of which I will sell at the most reasonable prices. Remember the Hall of Fashion, when you want anything in the line of head covering, and call on

Oct. 7, '63-tf JESSE SMITH.

O, YES! O, YES!!.
THIS WAY! THIS WAY!
NEW
FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

J. B. HILEMAN has just received a large and well selected stock of Goods, consisting of Cloths, Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Blue Drilling, and all other kinds of Goods for

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,

together with a grand and magnificent assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Berages, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzs, DeBeges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hoopeel Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

ALSO,

ickings; Checks, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS, &C.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N O. Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Call and examine his Stock, and you will be convinced that he has the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Altoona, April 28, 1863.

CITY DRUG STORE.

DR. E. H. REIGART would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country, that he has recently purchased the Drug Store of Berlin & Co., on Virginia Street, opposite Fries' Hardware Store.

His Drugs are Fresh and Pure,

and he hopes by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Call and examine his stock. He has constantly on hand

DRUGS,
MEDICINES and CHEMICALS,
FINE TOILET SOAPS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES, GLASS, PUTTY, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, CARBON OIL AND LAMPS, NOTIONS, CIGARS,
and every article usually kept in a First-class Drug Store.
PURE WINES AND LIQUORS
for medicinal use.
DOMESTIC GRAPE WINE—PURE—WARRANTED.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
accurately compounded, at all hours of the day or night.

Altoona, Sept. 30, 1863.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE

The subscriber offers at Private Sale a valuable property, situate on Branch St., East Altoona, immediately opposite the Machine Shops.

The house is well built and nearly new, and contains

Fifteen Rooms with Good Cellars.

It is calculated for THREE FAMILIES, and at the most reasonable terms will bring $20 per month rent. There is a well of good water in the yard. Terms easy.

Apply to MICHAEL WYROUGH, on the premises, or to JAMES KEARNEY, at his store, in East Altoona.

July 28, 1863-tf.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following resolution was adopted at a late meeting of the Board of Managers of the Altoona Hall and Market Company:—

Resolved, That the second instalment of 10 per cent. on the stock subscribed for, be made payable on the 20th day of the present month, (May) and that the balance of the subscription be made payable in monthly instalments of 10 per cent each, on the 15th day of each succeeding month, until the whole amount is paid in.

Persons wishing to take stock in the company can still be accommodated, there being a few shares yet unsold.

Altoona, May 19th.-tf. B. F. ROSE, *Treasurer.*

A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

JOHN CESSNA,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
HARRISBURG, July 1st, 1863.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS.

(SEAL)

I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

July 7, 1863.-tc.

LARGE SIZE
PHOTOGRAPHS
AND
AMBROTYPES,
Gilt and Rosewood Frames,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
CARTES-DE-VISITES,
ALL STYLES AND SIZES OF
CASES, &C.,
CLABAUGH'S BUILDING,
Julia Street, between Virginia and Emma,
ALTOONA, PA.
ELIAS A. BONINE.

Aug. 4, '63-3m.

JOIN THE
CAVALRY!!!
NOW IS THE TIME TO ENLIST!

Don't wait to be notified that you are drafted!

Do not wait for the next draft, but volunteer at once!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN authorized to recruit a

CAVALRY COMPANY,

to be attached to the 13th Penn'a cavalry.

Men are wanted immediately to fill up the company. Enlist where you have a chance in the selection of your officers, and a fair chance for promotion.

ALTOONA, August 24, 1863. Capt. JAS. M. BELL.

LEWISTOWN MILLS,
LEWISTOWN PA.

FLOUR AND FEED OF ALL KINDS always on hand and for sale at the lowest market prices.

Orders by mail will receive our special and prompt attention. W. B. McATEER & SON,

Sept. 16, 1863-2m. Proprietors.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Administration have been issued this day to the undersigned by the Register of Blair county, on the estate of BERNARD GARVIN, late of the Borough of Altoona, deceased. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, must present them legally authenticated, for settlement.

JAMES GARVIN,
Sept. 16, 1863—6t.* Administrator.

SUPERIOR STOCK OF LIQUORS.

—JOHN H. FRITCHEY is now able to offer to his customers and the public at large, a stock of the purest liquors ever brought into this market, comprising in part the following varieties

WHISKY—IRISH, SCOTCH, OLD BOURBON.
WINE—PORT, SHERRY, OLD MADEIRA.
OTARD, DUPEY & CO. PALE BRANDY.

These liquors can all be warranted; and in addition to these, FRITCHEY has on hand a large variety of Wines, Whisky and Brandy, to which they invite the particular attention of the public.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

HAMS! HAMS! HAMS!—Just received, a large lot of Canvassed Sugar-cured Hams of the best brands in market. Every one sold is guaranteed at FRITCHEY'S

MACKEREL—NOS. 1, 2, AND 3, in all sized packages, new, and each package warranted, just received and for sale low by FRITCHEY.

TEAS! TEAS! TEAS!—FRITCHEY is selling Teas superior to any ever offered in Altoona. They are free of adulteration, coloring, or mixture of any kind.

ANOTHER LARGE LOT OF THE CELEBRATED JERSEY HAMS just received and for sale at FRITCHEY'S

CREAM CRACKERS! A fresh supply of these delicious crackers just received and for sale at FRITCHEY'S

IF YOU WANT GOOD COFFEE, pure Teas, the best of Chocolate, Syrups and Sugars, go to FRITCHEY'S.

BOSTON CRACKERS—A LARGE supply of these delicious crackers just received and for sale by FRITCHEY.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR, FROM the Cars, always on hand and for sale as low as the lowest by FRITCHEY.

COFFEES, SUGARS, AND SYRUPS of all grades, and at reasonable prices, for sale by FRITCHEY.

10 BARRELS PURE CIDER VINEGAR just received and for sale low at FRITCHEY'S.

Sept. 1, 1863.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR, PUT UP in ¼ Sacks expressly for family use at FRITCHEY'S

WORRELL'S PREPARED COFFEE just received and for sale by FRITCHEY.

SUPERIOR CREAM CHEESE AT FRITCHEY'S.

4 BARRELS PURE WHITE LARD just received and for sale at FRITCHEY'S

FRITCHEY'S NEW STORE, corner of Caroline and Virginia Sts.

Dr. SWEET'S
INFALLIBLE
LINIMENT,
THE
GREAT REMEDY

THE Early Physical Degeneracy of AMERICAN PEOPLE.

JUST PUBLISHED BY DR. A. STONE

Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute.

A Treatise on the Causes of Early Physical decline of American People; the cause of Nervous Debility, Consumption and Marasmus.

This work is one of high moral tone, written in chaste, yet thrilling language, and appeals directly to the moral consciousness of ALL PARENTS and Guardians especially, detailing scientific and reliable aids and treatment for cure.

It will be sent by mail on the receipt of two (3 cent) Stamps.

☞ Parents and Guardians! Fail not to send and obtain this book.

☞ Young men! Fail not to send and get this book.

☞ Ladies! You too should at once secure a copy of this book.

A Word of Solemn Conscientious Advice to those who will reflect.

A class of maladies prevail to a fearful extent in the community, dooming at least 100,000 youth of both sexes annually to an early grave. Those diseases are very imperfectly understand. Their external manifestation, or symptoms are Nervous Debility, Relaxation and Exhaustion; Marasmus or wasting and consumption of the tissues of the whole body; shortness of breathing or hurried breathing on ascending a hill or flight of stairs; great palpitation of the Heart; Asthma, Bronchitis and sore Throat; shaking of the Hands and limbs; aversion to society and to business or study; dimness of eye sight, loss of Memory, dizziness of the Head, Neuralgia, Pain in various parts of the body; Pains in the back or limbs, Lumbago, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, irregularity of the bowels, deranged secretions of the Kidneys and other glands of the body, as Leucorrhœa or Fluor Albus, &c. Likewise Epilepsy, Hysteria and Nervous Spasms.

Now in ninety-nine cases out of every one hundred, all of the above named disorders, and a host of others not named, as Consumption of the Lungs and that most insidious and wily form of consumption of the Spinal Nerves, known as Tabes Dorsalis, and Tabes mesenterica, have their seat and origin in diseases of the Pelvic Viscera. Hence the want of success on the part of old school practice in treating symptoms only.

Dr. Andrew Stone, Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institution, is now engaged in treating this class of modern maladies with the most astonishing success. The treatment adopted by the Institution is new; it is based upon scientific principles, with new discovered remedies; without minerals or poisons. The facilities of cure are such that patients can be cured at their homes, in any part of the country, from accurate descriptions of their case, by letter; and have the medicines sent by Mail or express. Printed interrogatories will be forwarded on application.

☞ Consumption, Catarrh and diseases of the throat cured as well at the Home of the Patients as at the Institution, by sending the Cold Medicated INHALING BALSAMIC VAPORS, with inhaler and ample directions for their use, and direct correspondence.

☞ Patients applying for interrogatives or advice, must enclose return stamps, to meet attention.

☞ The attending Physician will be found at the Institution for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., each day. Sunday in the forenoon.

Address DR. ANDREW STONE.
Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute, and Physician for Diseases of the Heart, Throat and Lungs, 96 Fifth Street, Troy, N. Y.
Altoona, Dec. 30th, 1862.–1y.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c. Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

Put up in 25c. 50c. and $1 00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flasks, $3 and $5 sizes for HOTELS, PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
☞ Sold by all DRUGGISTS and RETAILERS everywhere.
☞ !! BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞ Principal Depot 482 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona, Pa.
April 7, 1863.–6m *.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS,

501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

OUR CATALOGUE now embraces cohsiderably over *Four Thousand* different subjects (to which additions are continually being made) of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz:

72 Major-Generals,	525 Statesmen,
190 Brig.-Generals,	127 Divines,
259 Colonels,	116 Authors,
84 Lieut.-Colonels,	30 Artists,
207 Other Officers,	112 Stage,
60 Navy Officers,	46 Promin'nt Women

147 Prominent Foreign Portraits.

2,500 COPIES OF WORKS OF ART,

Including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen PICTURES from our Catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1.80, and sent by mail, FREE.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

Of these we manufacture a great variety, ranging in price from 50 cents to $50 each.

Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of 24 cents per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express.

We also keep a large assortment of

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.

Our catalogue of these will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY.
MANUFACTURERS OF PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS,
501 Broadway, New York.

Friends or relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their likenesses to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER for Congregations to present to their Pastors, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions, &c. Aug. 18, 1863–6m.

CONFECTIONERY

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that his CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

OYSTER SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up OYSTERS in the best style during the season.

FRESH-BAKED

BREAD, CAKES, & PIES,

always on hand, at reasonable rates.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c., for pic-nics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall. OTTO ROSSI.
Altoona, April 23, 1863–tf.

J. G. ADLUM,

Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.
October 1, 1857.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS just received and for sale by J. B. HILEMAN
Oct. 15-tf]

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at G. W. KESSLER'S.
1–tf.

NEW WINTER READY MADE Clothing just received at LAUGHMAN'S.

GREAT PILES OF PANTALOONS for Men and Boys, at LAUGHMAN'S

ALL STYLES CARPETING AND Oil-Cloths can be found at LAUGHMAN'S.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF OVERCOATS can be found at LAUGHMAN'S.

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERVERS for sale at KESSLER'S.
[1–tf.]

EXCELLENT HEAVY BOOTS & SHOES just received at LAUGHMAN'S

HARDWARE.

The subscriber having taken entire charge of the Hardware and Stove and Tin Shop recently under the charge of Fries & Winters, on Virginia street, opposite Kessler's Drug Store, and having added largely to his stock is now prepared to supply anything in the Hardware and Cutlery line, such as Handsaws, Axes, Augers, Adzes, Chisels, Squares, Rules, Hammers, Planes, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Files, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., &c., all of which he offers on the most reasonable terms.

Persons wishing anything in the Hardware line are requested to call and examine his stock.

He has also added Oils, Paints, Carbon Oil, etc., to his stock, and will dispose of all these articles at a small advance on first cost.

He will also continue the

STOVE BUSINESS,

and will keep on hand an assortment from which any person will be able to select an article to please their fancy.

In the line of

TIN AND SHEET IRONWARE,

EDAR and WILLOW-WARE,

he will always have a large supply, and will make to order anything that may be called for.

Job work in this line promptly attended to.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

put up on short notice in the best style.
April 21, 1863.–tf. SAMUEL I. FRIES.

NORTH WARD AHEAD!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT OLD PRICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the east, where he has been selecting his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which for style, quality and Price cannot be surpassed in this neck of country. His stock is much larger than heretofore, and, as it is quite an object in these war-exciting times for every one to purchase where they can get the BEST article at the LOWEST PRICE, he would say that he can, and will sell AS LOW if not A LITTLE LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE in this place. He wishes all to call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can offer inducements which will DEFY COMPETITION. His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR,
LADIES' AND MISSES' DRESS SHOES,
MEN AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES,

MEN AND WOMEN'S HOSE,	HATS AND CAPS,

Ginghams, Lawns, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Dried Peaches and Dried Apples, Plain and Canvassed Hams, &c., &c., &c.

He will sell the AMERICAN PRINTS at 12½ cents.
FAST MADDER COLORS, 10 "
FANCY DELAINES, from 12½ to 25 "
Fine Bleached MUSLINS yard wide, 12½ "
" " " ⅞ " 10 "
" " " ¾ " 6¼ "
Heavy Unbl'ched " yard " 12½ "
" " " ⅞ " 8 and 10 "
LAWNS, from 8 to 15 "
LADIES' SLIPPERS, from 40 to 50 "
" Fine, French, Sewed, Heeled BOOTEES, $1 25
" Pegged " 1 00
MEN'S CALF BOOTS, 2 75
" GOAT " 2 50
BOYS' GOAT, (Nos. 4 and 5,) 1 50
MEN AND BOYS' OXFORD TIES, from 75 cents to 1 00
MEN'S CALF MONROES, 1 00
All sizes of MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES, very low

GROCERIES Rio Coffee at 25 cents, White Sugar 11 and 12½ cents. Brown Sugar from 7 to 10 cts.; Best Honey and Lovering's Syrup, at 60 cts.; Sugar House Molasses, 40 cts.; Baking Molasses, 31 to 40 cts.; together with Cedar and Willow Ware; Flour, Feed, &c., and all other articles of Goods just as low as any other house can sell. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. SPRANKLE.
Altoona, May 1, 1862.] North Ward.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!!

Virginia St., Altoona, Pa.

D. W. A. BELFORD, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EMPORIUM OF FASHION" would respectfully announce to the public that he has received a large invoice of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,

and a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Collars, Neck-Ties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., &c.,

exactly suited to this locality and intended for the

AUTUMN AND WINTER TRADE.

The proprietor of the Emporium invites an examination of his stock, feeling confident that his shelves present a greater variety of plain and fancy goods than can be found elsewhere in the country. An examination will convince any one of this fact.

He has also received the

LATEST FASHION,

and being a perfect "Cutter," he has no hesitancy in saying that he can make up clothing in the fashion, and in a manner that can not fail to prove satisfactory. It has passed into a proverb that

Belford's the very man that can make,
Clothes in the fashion, strong and cheap;
All that have ever tried him yet,
Say that he really cant be beat.

Remember the place, Virginia street; first door above Jaggard's Hall, Altoona, Pa. [April 17, '62.

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE

CHARLES J. MANN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

WOODEN WARE, BROOMS, WINDOW SHADES, DOOR MATS, UPHOLSTERING GOODS, SHOE FINDINGS, COFFIN TRIMMINGS, MOULDERS' TOOLS, BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, WHITE LEAD, &C., &C.

☞ Every description of Goods in his line will be furnished at short notice, and at low rates for cash.

His remaining stock of DRY GOODS on hand will be closed out at remarkably low prices, in order to relinquish that branch of the business.

Agent for Willson's "Telegraph Fodder Cutter."
Altoona, May 29th, 1862.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he will continue to keep a

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

in the room recently occupied by Roberts and Rutherford. The business heretofore carried on by them will, in the future, be in the name of JOHN H. ROBERTS.

He will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of

Boots & Shoes,

GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &c., &c., &c.

which he will offer at fair prices and warrant to be of the best material and manufacture. Particular attention will be given to

CUSTOM WORK,

in which he warrants to give entire satisfaction, as he buys the best stock and employs none but the best workmen.

Remember the old stand, on Virginia Street, one door East of Kessler's Drug Store.
Oct. 10 1862–tf. JOHN H. ROBERTS.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.—A large and varied stock of FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, just received, and for sale as cheap as the cheapest, at MURPHY & McPIKE'S Store, Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.
Altoona, June 26, 1862.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Jewelry, Hair and Clothes Brushes, Combs, Pocket-knives, &c., at LAUGHMAN'S

PLAIN & FANCY VESTS, of every size and style at LAUGHMAN'S.

ONWARD! ONWARD!!

EXCELSIOR OUR MOTTO!

NOW OPEN

On the corner of Branch and Annie Streets,

EAST ALTOONA,

AN ENTIRELY

NEW STOCK OF GOODS!

HAVING DISPOSED OF THE entire stock of old goods in the above stand at auction, we desire to say to the public that we have just opened out an

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

to which we invite the attention of the public. We are determined to sell at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Our stock embraces a large and complete assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

consisting, in part, of plain and fancy Silks, all-wool Delaines, Alpacas, Challie Delaines, plain and figured Berege, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducals, De Barge, Travelling Dress Goods, and all the

LATEST STYLE PRINTS.

Men's Wear.

We have received a large and well selected stock of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, such as Cloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Jeans, Corduroys, Beaver Teens, Velvet Cords, and other fashionable goods for men and boys.

WHITE GOODS.

Irish Linen, Cambrics, Victoria Lawns, plain and dotted Swiss, Bobinets, Edgings, &c.

We have a large assortment of Ladies' Needlework Collars and Sets, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Gauntlets, Mitts, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, &c. Also, Ticking, Checks, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Crash, &c.

Also, a fine assortment of

SPRING SHAWLS.

We have received a large lot of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

LADIES' GAITERS,

HATS & CAPS, SHAKER BONNETS, &c.,

which we are determined to sell cheaper than ever.

QUEENSWARE,

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

HARDWARE,

Groceries,	Flour,
Bacon,	Cheese,
Syrups,	Molasses,
Mackerel,	Herring,
Carbon Oil,	Fish Oil,
Drugs and Medicines,	

and, in fact, everything usually kept in a first-class Store.

☞ As we make our purchases almost entirely for cash, and as we will sell for

CASH ONLY,

AND KEEP NO BOOKS, it will enable us to sell Goods at very moderate prices; and by fair dealing and strict attention to business we hope to secure a liberal share of public patronage.

GEIS & CO.

Altoona, April 15, 1862–tf

DURYEA'S MAIZENA

TRY ONE POUND

TRY ONE POUND

Was the only "Preparation for food from Indian Corn" That received a medal and honorable mention from the Royal Commissioners, the competition of all prominent manufacturers of "Corn Starch" and "Prepared Corn Flour" of this and other countries notwithstanding.

MAIZENA,

The food and luxury of the age, without a single fault.—One trial will convince the most skeptical. Makes Puddings, Cakes, Custards, Blanc Mange, &c., without isinglass, with few or no eggs, at a cost astonishing the most economical. A slight addition to ordinary Wheat Flour greatly improves Bread and Cake. It is also excellent for thickening sweet sauces, gravies for fish and meat, soups, &c. For Ice Cream nothing can compare with it. A little boiled in milk will produce a rich cream for coffee, chocolate, tea, &c.

Put up in one pound packages, under the trade-mark Maizena, with directions for use.

A most delicious article of food for children and invalids of all ages. For sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere Wholesale Depot, 166 Fulton Street.

WILLIAM DURYEA, General Agent.
Sept. 9, 1863–6m.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff & Tobacco MANUFACTURER,

16 & 18, CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham St., New York.)

would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz.:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy. Demigros, Fine Rappee, Coarse Rappee, Pure Virginia, Nachitoches, American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch. Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot, Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the great reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING.—Long, No. 1, No. 2, Nos. 1 and 2 mixed, Granulated, S. Jago, Spanish, Canaster, Turkish.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain, Cavendish, or Sweet, Sweet Scented Oronoco, Tin Foil Cavendish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application.
April 14, 63,–1y.]

WM. S. BITTNER

Dental Surgeon.

OFFICE IN MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

Dr. B. would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country, that he is prepared to insert

ARTIFICIAL TEETH!

from a single tooth to a full set, in the most superior style,

ON GOLD, SILVER, OR VULCANITE BASE.

It would be to the advantage of all persons desiring artificial teeth, to call at his office before going elsewhere, if they wish cheapness, beauty or durability.

Dr. Bittner will visit Hollidaysburg and vicinity when his services are desired. [Feb. 17, 1863–tf.

ANDREW ECKEL,

DEALER IN

Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, &c., &c.,

Annie street, Altoona, Pa., and McKeage's Old Stand, Montgomery street, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of Goods in his line constantly on hand at the lowest cash prices. [Feb. 7, 1863.

S. M. WOODKOK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Altoona, Penn'a,

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties. Office on Virginia Street, 2 doors above Julia Street.
Feb. 3, 1863–tf.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE ALTOONA FAIR VIEW CEMETERY ASSOCIATION will be held on the second Thursday evening of each month, in the Council Room. M. CLABAUGH, President.
JAS. LOWTHER, Secretary.
[May 15–'62]

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES for Men and Boys, Ladies and Misses, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'

R. A. O. KERR,

ALTOONA, PA.,

Agent for Blair & Huntingdon Counties.

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

OVER 1,400 MORE

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

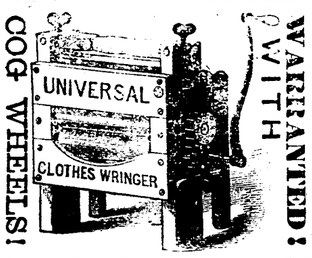
The Agent refers those desiring information as the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

UNIVERSAL

CLOTHES WRINGER.



No. 1. Large Family Wringer	$10.00
No. 2. Medium "	7.00
No. 2½ "	6.00
No. 3. Small "	5.50
No. 8 Large Hotel "	14.50
No. 18. Medium Laundry "	10.00
No. 22. Large "	30.00

{ to run steam or hand.

Nos. 2½ and 3 have no Cogs. All others are warranted.
*No. 2 is the size generally used in private families,

ORANGE JUDD, of the "American Agriculturist," says of the

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER

"A child can readily wring out a tubfull of clothes in a few minutes. It is in reality a CLOTHES SAVER! A TIME SAVER! and a STRENGTH SAVER! The saving of garments will alone pay a large per centage on its cost. We think the machine much more than PAYS FOR ITSELF EVERY YEAR in the saving of garments. There are several kinds, nearly alike in general construction, but we consider it important that the Wringer be fitted with Cogs, otherwise a mass of garments may clog the rollers, and the rollers open the crank-shaft slip and tear the clothes, or the rubber break loose from the shaft. Our own is one of the first make, and it is as GOOD AS NEW after nearly FOUR YEARS' CONSTANT USE."

Every Wringer with Cog Wheels is Warranted in every particular.

NO WRINGER CAN BE DURABLE WITHOUT COG-WHEELS.

A good CANVASSER wanted in every town.

☞ On receipt of the price from places where no one is selling, we will send the Wringer FREE OF EXPENSE.

For particulars and circulars address

R. C. BROWNING, 247 Broadway, N. Y.
Sep. 1—6m.

STOVES,

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has taken the store and shop recently occupied by Fries & Winters, on *Annie street, East Altoona*, where he has on hand a large supply of STOVES *of all Patterns*, such as Cook, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. A large supply will always be kept on hand.

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE, in great variety, always on hand.

ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice.

He has also attached a copper-smithing room to his establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.
April 21st, 1863.–tf STEPHEN WINTERS.

C. C. SERVER & SON,

Paper, Envelope and Printers' Card WAREHOUSE,

No. 513, MINOR STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND FLAT CAPS, LETTER AND NOTE,

MANILLA PAPER,
FOLIO POST,
PACKET POST,
HARDWARE, FOOLSCAP,
PRINTING PAPER, ENVELOPE
COLORED PAPER, BINDERS, TRUNK,
STRAW AND BOX BOARD, TISSUE,
SHOE, AND TEA PAPERS.
PRINTING AND MANILLA PAPER

made to order.
June 16, 1863.

CONFECTIONERY

AND ICE CREAM SALOON

MRS. C. BEITER respectfully announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Altoona and vicinity that she has opened a

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON,

In Jesse Smith's old Stand, on Virginia street, opposite the

LUTHERAN CHURCH,

where she will keep on hand a choice lot of confectioneries nuts, fruit, cakes, etc., which she will sell at the most reasonable prices.

During the season she will also keep Ice Cream, of different flavors, which she will take pleasure in serving to customers at all hours of the day and evening.

Give me a call, and I will give satisfaction.
April 21st, 1863.–6m.

MUSIC!—INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN on the Piano-Forte and Melodeon, by Miss M. SHOMMAKER. TERMS, $10 per quarter. No charge for the use of the Instrument. Residence on Catharine Street, West Altoona. [Jan. 16, 1862.–tf.

DRIED APPLES.—The subscribers have a fine lot of bright yellow DRIED APPLES, bought at much less than market rates, and which they desire to close out, at cost and carriage, without delay.—Persons desiring to purchase, either at wholesale or retail, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.
Altoona, June 26, 1862.] MURPHY & McPIKE.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF Gent's Model Improved SHIRTS—Cassimere and Muslin Shirts—fine and coarse—white and colored—at LAUGHMAN'S.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground oil at [1–tf.] KESSLER'S.

MEN AND BOYS' COATS, of every style and color, of good quality, at LAUGHMAN'S.

NEW AND IMPROVED STYLES of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags, at LAUGHMAN'S.

AMERICAN

Life Insurance and Trust Co.

COMPANY'S BUILDING Southeast Corner of Walnut and Fourth Streets, Philad'a.

Authorized Capital,	$500,000
Paid up Capital,	250,000
Assets,	1,897,746

Incorporated 1850, by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Insures Lives during the Natural life or for short terms, grants annuities and endowments, and makes contracts of all kinds depending on the issues of life.

Policies of Life Insurance issued at the usual mutual rates of other good companies—with profits to the assured—last BONUS January, 1861, being 43 per cent. of all premiums received on mutual policies—at Joint Stock rates, 20 per cent less than the above, or Total Abstinence rates 40 per cent. less than Mutual price. Also, a

NON-FORFEITURE PLAN,

By which a person pays for 5, 7, or 10 years only, when the policy is paid up for LIFE, and nothing more to pay; and should he be unable, or wish to discontinue sooner, the Company will issue a PAID UP POLICY, in proportion to the amount of premium paid, as follows:

		5 Year rates.	7 Year rates.	10 Year rates.
On a Policy of $1,000, after payment of				
1	Annual Premium, for	$200 00	$142 85	$100 00
2	" " "	400 00	285 70	200 00
4	" " "	800 00	571 40	400 00
6	" " "		857 10	600 00
8	" " "			800 00

ALEXANDER WHILLDIN, President.
SAMUEL WORK, Vice President.
JOHN S. WILSON, Secretary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Alexander Whilldin,	J. Edgar Thomson,
Hon. Jas. Pollock,	Hon. Joseph Allison.
Albert C. Roberts,	Jonas Bowman,
Samuel T. Bodine,	H. H. Eldridge,
George Nugent,	John Aikman,
William J. Howard,	Charles F. Heazlitt,
Samuel Work.	

Any further information can be had by applying to the undersigned, who is the authorized agent for Blair County.
July 31, 1862-1y R. A. O. KERR.

A Benefit to All.

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

A trial will prove the fact, and facts are stubborn things.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS

ARE SUCCESSFUL IN EVERY CASE.

No family should be without it. Hundreds of certificates and letters of thanks are arriving every day from persons who have been cured.

THE HERB BITTERS

have never failed in curing

RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA,

Female Irregularities, and all Diseases arising from

IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD,

As a Blood Purifier, Tonic and General Appertiser, these Bitters are without a rival. No Lady desiring

A CLEAR COMPLEXION

should be without it. Please get a circular and certificates from our Agent.

B. MISHLER,
Manufacturer and Proprietor,
LANCASTER, PA.

NOTICE.—The great success of Mishler's Herb Bitters, has induced unprincipled parties to manufacture a worthless article, which they are selling at a low price, *of which beware.* The genuine can only be bought in Blair County, of G. W. WILTFIELD,
(Sole Agent for Blair County.)
Depot Drug Store, Main street, Altoona, Pa.
June 2d, 1863–tf.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fit me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.
Altoona, May 26–5m JACOB SNYDER.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheap est portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old style, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Aug. 19, 1858–tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.
Altoona, May 27, 1859.–1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

BROGANS, GAITERS, &C,,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.
Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE.—This Great Journal of Crime and Criminals is in its Twelfth Year, and is widely circulated throughout the country. It contains all the Great Trials, Criminal Cases, and appropriate Editorials on the same, together with information on Criminal Matters, not to be found in any other newspaper.

☞ Subscriptions $2 per annum; $1 for six months, to be remitted by subscribers, (who should write their names and the town, county and State where they reside plainly.)

To G. W. MATSELL & CO.,
15-tf] Editor & Prop'r. of New York Police Gazette.
New York City.

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.
March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOMMAKER, Agent.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.
Jan. 24, '56–tf]

H. B. MILLER,

DENTIST.

☞ Office on Caroline street, between Virginia and Emma streets, Altoona. [Jan. 20—2m

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING neatly and expeditously executed at the "ALTOONA TRIBUNE" OFFICE

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, in endless variety, at LAUGHMAN'S.
Altoona, May 1, 1862.

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This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies, and private individuals. In all cases the very best of stock and workmanship may be relied upon. Blank Books printed, paged and bound to any desired pattern. Sheriff's, Attorneys and Justices' Dockets of all sizes, made and ruled to order. Triennial and Yearly Assessments, Duplicates, &c., for county purposes, printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. Court Dockets made of the best linen paper.

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☞ McCRUM & DERR, at the *Tribune* office, are our agents for Altoona, and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care. [March 21, 1862–1y.

ONWARD! EVER ONWARD!

STEP BY STEP!

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO inform his old customers and the public generally that he has this spring gone into the Dry Good business, and has just received a large and entirely new stock of

DRESS GOODS,

for the Ladies, embracing all the latest, prettiest and most

FASHIONABLE PATTERNS,

And among which may be found every quality of goods, the names of which it would be too tedious to enumerate.

In the line of pure, fresh and cheap

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

I will not "knock under" to any of my competitors. In this department I feel sure that I can render satisfaction. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the highest market price allowed.

Store on the corner of Annie and Helen streets, East Altoona. THOMAS HESLOP
Altoona, May 22, 1862.

JACOB WEIS,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER,

VIRGINIA STREET, ALTOONA, PA.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND BREAD, CAKES, CANDIES

ICE CREAM

AND SWEETMEATS, of his own manufacture, which is prepared to sell, wholesale or retail, at the most reasonable prices. Also, FOREIGN FRUITS, such as

ORANGES, LEMONS, PINE-APPLES, FIGS, PRUNES, RAISINS, NUTS, &C., &C., always on hand in their respective seasons.

CAKES BAKED TO ORDER.

for particular occasions, on short notice and in the neatest and best style of the art.

Call, examine and price my stock and you will find it as good and cheap